# Status of Verification of Temperature/Humidity Chambers within IECEE CB Scheme



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## Background

- Committee of Testing Laboratories (CTL) ~ IECEx ExTAG
- CTL WG 01, "Metrology and Accuracy/Uncertainty"

Title / Description	Members	
CTL WG 01 CTL WG 01 "Metrology and Accuracy/Uncertainty"	Last Name, First Name	Company
	Mr Andersen Morten	NEMKO AS
	Mr Barbini Daniel	CSA Group Testing & Certification Inc. (Toronto)
Convenor	Mr Florczyk Robert	UL (US)
	Mr Hingott Michael	TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH
Wr Hall Jeffrey UL RTP	Mr Lescure Marc	LCIE
	Mr Ologbosere John	TÜV Rheinland Japan Ltd.
	Ms Persuati Sabrina	IMQ S.p.A. – Milano
	Mr Schorn Heribert	UL (Demko)
	Mr Schrepfer Karlheinz	VDE Prüf- und Zertifizierungsinstitut GmbH
Technical Advisors	Mr Schutt Jeffry	Intertek Testing Services Shanghai
	Ms Zhu Lin	CQC
Last Name, First Name Company		



### Research

- Several years' work
- Standards analysis
  - > 2500 IEC standards
  - ~1000 unique standards
- All IECEE categories except:
  - EMC
  - INST Installation accessories & connection devices
  - TOOL
  - TOY



### **Results - Standards**

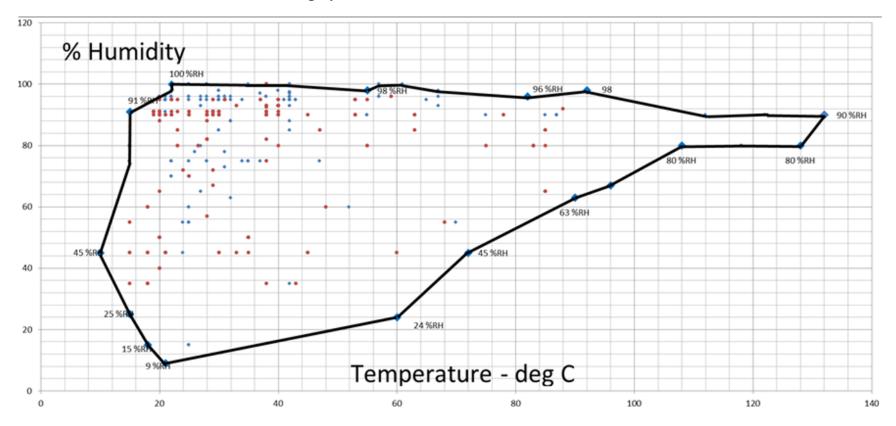
- 135 standards Defined RH / T values
- 250 different set point values
- 181 standards reference directly or indirectly:
  - IEC 60068-3-5 (Temperature) or
  - IEC 60068-3-6 (Temperature & Humidity)



### **Results – Climate Graph**

Graph 1

#### "Ideal" climate graph of RH / T values in IEC standards examined



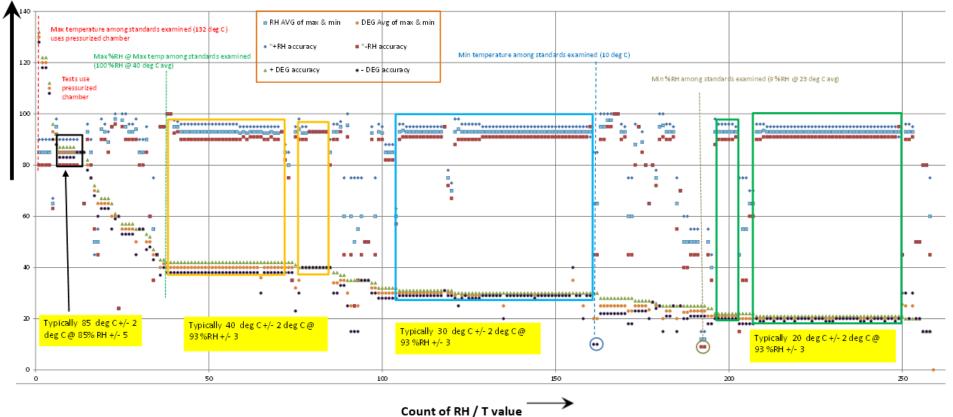


## **Results – Common RH/T Values**

Graph 3

#### %RH and deg C

#### Commonly occurring RH / T values among standards examined





## **Chamber Design & Performance**

- Performance typically point or dimensioned area
- Mounting of RH/T sensors
- Control circuit design for humidity & temperature not necessarily coordinated
- 1°C can create change of ~4% RH
- Heat sources for air heating and humidity generation create fluctuations in RH/T control circuits as chamber attempts to maintain the desired set point



### **Empty Chamber Working Space Characterization**

- Understand basic RH / T gradients across working space
- Good first approximation of chamber performance
- Test sample affect air flow
  - Creating potential "dead" spots
  - Airflow may be more turbulent
  - Either may be beneficial or detrimental to test



### **Base Line Profile**

- Chamber specs do not always provide full details
- Knowledge of conditions allow proper sample placement
- IEC 60068-3-6:
  - 9 temperature < 2000 liters
  - 15 temperature sensors > 2000 liters
  - At least one humidity sensor within the chamber.
  - Variation in RH across the chamber (gradient) due to temperature differences at the temperature sensor locations provides means to calculate the RH



## **OD Draft Development**

- Early stages
  - Approval by CTL WG01 still needed
  - Approval by CTL still needed maybe 2019?
- Purpose Verification temperature/humidity chambers
- Scope Only when test standard does not provide criteria verification
- Proposed full verification intervals no longer than 36 months
- Defines calibration requirements for equipment used for verification
- Measurement uncertainty requirements

