



**UNECE**

**Hydrogen Council**



**IRENA**

# 2024 IECEx International Hydrogen Conference Singapore 29th May

**Electrical installations design, selection  
and installation of equipment, including  
initial inspection**



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**Hydrogen Council**



# 2024 IECEx International Hydrogen Conference Singapore 29th May



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# Explosive Atmospheres

IEC 60079-14

IEC 60079-17

IEC 60079-19

**Electrical installation design, selection  
and installation of equipment,  
including initial inspection**

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**Electrical installations  
inspection and maintenance**

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**Equipment repair, overhaul  
and reclamation**

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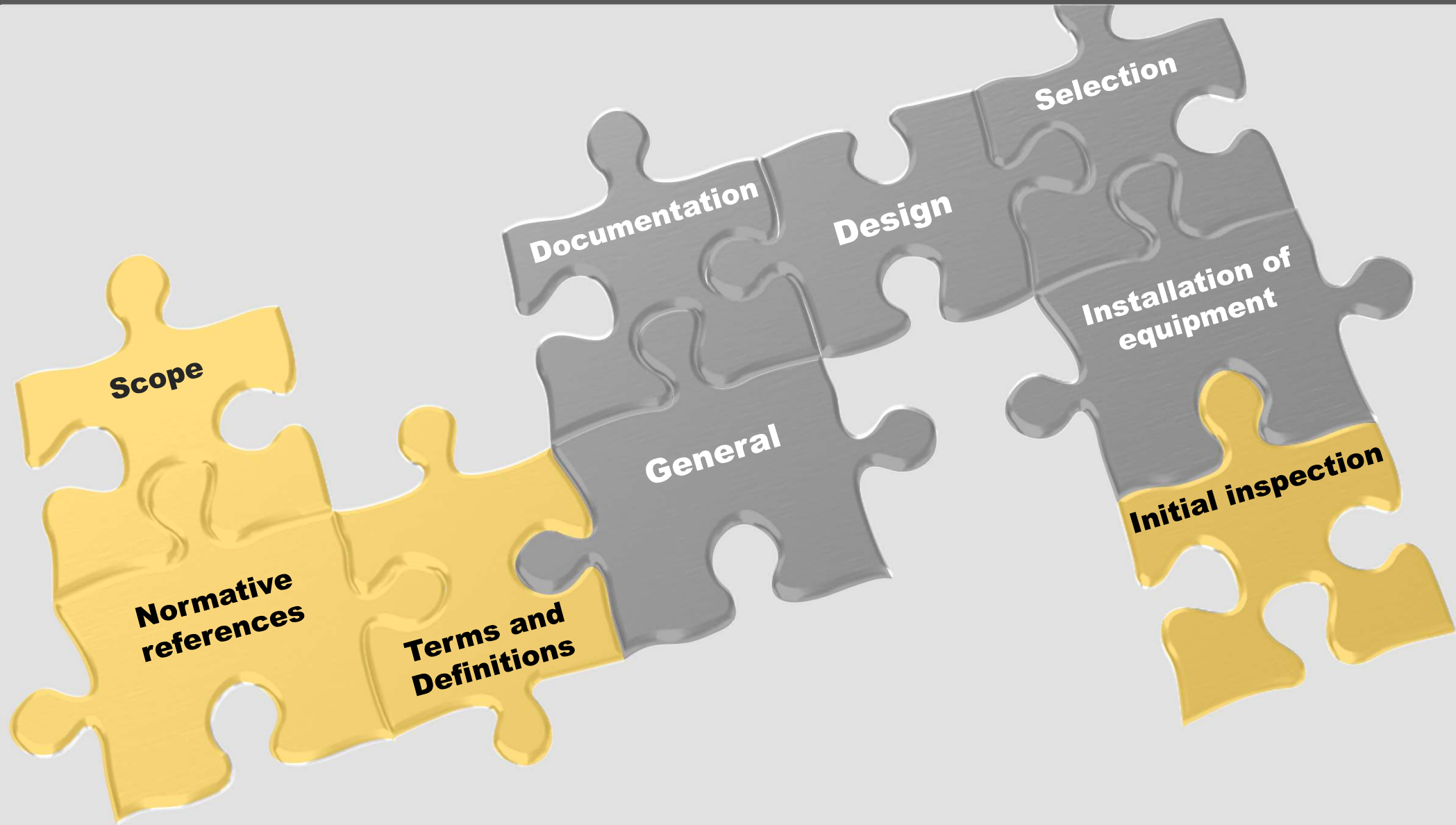
## **PRE-RELEASE VERSION (FDIS)**

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**Explosive atmospheres –  
Part 14: Electrical installation design, selection and installation of equipment,  
including initial inspection**



# Content IEC 60079-14:2024





# ZERO EMISSION GREEN HYDROGEN

POWERED BY  
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23  
1049



UN 1049 WASSERSTOFF VERDICHET  
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## 4. General



## 4.1.1 Zones and Equipment Protection Level

Zone	Equipment Protection Level (EPL)
0	Ga
1	Gb or Ga
2	Gc, Gb or Ga



## 4.1.2 Requirements for all Ex Equipment

Electrical installations in potentially explosive atmospheres must ***additionally*** comply with the corresponding requirements for ***electrical installations in non-hazardous atmospheres.***

If additional protection is required to meet other environmental conditions, such as protection against water ingress and corrosion resistance, the method used shall not compromise the integrity of the Ex Equipment.

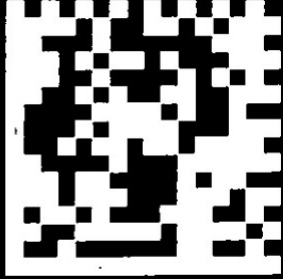


## **4.1.3 Electrical ratings**

**Ex Equipment shall be installed and used within the electrical ratings for power, voltage, current, frequency, duty cycle and other characteristics. The safety of the installation could be jeopardised if the nominal ratings are not observed.**







# Dual certification

**thuba**<sup>®</sup> 

Made in Switzerland  
CH-4123 Allschwil

PTB 21 ATEX 1234  
IECEX PTB 21.1234

**CE** 0158

 II 1G	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Ex ia IIC T6 Ga
 II 2D	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ex ia IIIC T80 °C Db U <sub>i</sub> =30 V DC
 II 2G	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ex mb IIC T6 Gb
 II 2D	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ex mb IIIC T80 °C Db Input 30 V DC / 30 mA

Type SD16  
Project 99999.2021  
Tamb -35 °C up to 60 °C

HOUSING MODEL 300S1KADA2K7M5T1 DOHR7 C5/19  
HOUSING SERIAL NO. 0235322

Ex nA IIC T5 Gc  
(-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 85°C)  
UI=45 Vdc MAX  
IECEX BAS 04.0018X

HART® 4-20mA  
SUPPLY  
10.5-30 VDC

<input type="checkbox"/>	Foundation® Fieldbus	SUPPLY 9-30 VDC 17.5 mA
<input type="checkbox"/>	PROFIBUS-PA	

WARNING -  
AFTER DE-ENERGIZING,  
WAIT 2 MINUTES  
BEFORE OPENING

Ex Ia IIC T4 Ga  
SEE CERTIFICATE  
IECEX BAS 04.0017X

Ex ta IIC T105°C T500 95°C Dc  
(-20°C ≤ Ta ≤ +85°C)  
IECEX BAS 09.0014X



Ex db IIC T6...T4 Gc/Gb  
T4/T5 (-60°C ≤ Tc ≤ 60°C)  
T6 (-60°C ≤ Tc ≤ 70°C)  
IECEX KEM 09.0010X



**ROSEMOUNT**

82234 WESSLING, GERMANY

3151-3302-1169/AM

1255 / 53





## 4.2.2 Specific Conditions of Use

The symbol “X” is used to indicate the basic requirements for the installation, use, maintenance and repair of the Ex Equipment contained in the Ex Certificate, the so-called **“Specific Conditions of Use”**.

The “Specific Conditions of Use” listed in the Certificate must be complied with.

***Task of the designer!***

## **EQUIPMENT:**

Equipment and systems covered by this Certificate are as follows:

The D.C. Solenoid of series GTCE 050 AGD..., GTCE 100 AGD... and GTCE 140 AGD... is a single solenoid actuator for the actuation of hydraulic, pneumatic and special valves in areas with potentially explosive gas and dust atmospheres of zone 1 and 21. The solenoid consists of an iron housing with surface protection containing an encapsulated coil. For electrical connection, a certified mini distribution box with type of protection "e" is mounted. Further, the solenoid is dust-proof and complies with the requirements of type of protection "t" (dust ignition protection by enclosure). The solenoid series GTCE 100 AGD... is available as DC and AC model. The AC model is additionally equipped with an internal bridge rectifier.

### Technical data:

Rated voltage:	6 V...230 V DC $\pm 10$ %; 60 V...230 V AC $\pm 10$ %
Rated current:	0.05 A...22.2 A
Ambient temperature:	-30 °C...+40/+50/+60 °C
Degree of protection (IP):	IP65

These values are maximum values. See Annex for detailed information.

### **SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF USE: YES as shown below:**

A fuse corresponding to the device's rating current (max.  $3 \times I_B$  acc. to IEC/EN 60127-2) or, respectively, a motor protective switch with short circuit and thermal rapid release (corresponding to the rating current) has to be connected in series to each solenoid.

The solenoid is suitable for an extended temperature range. The operating company has to select an appropriate connection cable according to the specifications of the manufacturer.

Nominal voltage:	6 V...230 V DC $\pm 10$ %; 60 V...230 V AC $\pm 10$ %
Rated current:	0.05 A...22.2 A DC; 0.2 A...1.06 A AC
Limiting power:	10.1 W...130 W
Ambient temperature:	-30 °C...+60 °C

These values are maximum values. See Annex for detailed information.

**SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF USE: YES as shown below:**

A fuse corresponding to the device's rating current (max.  $3 \times I_N$  or, resp.  $I_B$  acc. to IEC/EN 60127-2) or, respectively, a motor protective switch with short circuit and thermal rapid release (corresponding to the rating current) has to be connected in series to each solenoid.

The solenoid is suitable for an extended temperature range. The user has to select appropriate cable glands and connection cables according to the specifications of the manufacturer.

The selected cable glands and / or blanking elements shall contain an additional seal or gasket to effectively seal threaded entries.

The terminal box with coating shall not be exposed to intense electrostatic charging processes.

Operation of the solenoid type GTCE 140 AGD... with 130 W in mode of operation S3 40 % 5 min is only permitted in conjunction with an adequate safety device for direct temperature control (e.g. a PTC thermistor relay), which has to be selected, provided and verified for Ex (hazardous location) application by the user.

Unused terminals inside the terminal box of the solenoid shall be tightened.

The interrupting transient overvoltage of solenoids without internal protective circuit shall be limited according to the specifications of the manufacturer by means of appropriate measures external to the solenoid.



## 4.2.3 Use of Ex Components

**Ex Components, such as empty enclosures or terminals, which only have an Ex Component certificate, marked with the symbol “U”, must not be used in the hazardous area unless they are approved as part of an Ex Equipment Certificate.**

**Ex Components can be used if they are assessed as simple equipment and used as part of an intrinsically safe circuit.**



# IECEX Certificate of Conformity

## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION IEC Certification System for Explosive Atmospheres

for rules and details of the IECEx Scheme visit [www.iecex.com](http://www.iecex.com)

### Ex COMPONENT CERTIFICATE

Certificate No.: **IECEX BVS 23.0016U**

Page 1 of 3

Certificate history:

Status: **Current**

Issue No: 0

Date of Issue: 2023-10-02

Applicant: **thuba Ltd.**  
Stockbrunnenrain 9  
4123 Allschwil  
**Switzerland**

Ex Component: Empty enclosure type eCAM \*\* \*\* \*

*This component is NOT intended to be used alone and requires additional consideration when incorporated into other equipment or systems for use in explosive atmospheres (refer to IEC 60079-0).*

Type of Protection: **Increased safety "e"; Dust ignition "t"**

Marking: Ex eb IIC Gb  
Ex tb IIIC Db

**thuba**



CH-4123 Allschwil Made in Switzerland

0158



II 2G  
II 2D

BVS 23 ATEX E 026 U

IECEX BVS 23.0016U

Ex eb IIC Gb

Ex tb IIIC Db

Type eCAM 30 30 15

Project 14325.2024

Service Temp. -55 °C up to 100 °C



## 4.2.3 Use of Ex Components



**Ex Equipment  
IECEX BVS 21.0075X**

**Ex Component  
IECEX PTB 19.0036U**



# 5. Documentation





## 5.1 General

The installations must comply with the relevant certificates of the Ex Equipment, the present document and all requirements for the installation.  
**An installation dossier must be prepared for each installation to demonstrate compliance.**

The installation dossier must be kept up to date throughout the entire operating life of the installation.  
The dossier may be in paper or in electronic form.





## 5.2 Information about the location

- Documents for the classification of potentially explosive atmospheres including the temperature class or ignition temperature and the equipment group, where applicable;
- Assignment of the Equipment Protection Levels;
- Any identified external influences;
- **Ambient temperature ranges**, including solar radiation;
- Evidence of the competence of the persons who carried out the design, selection, installation of the equipment and initial inspection.



IEC 60079-10-1

Edition 2.0 2015-09

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

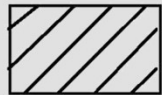
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**Explosive atmospheres –  
Part 10-1: Classification of areas – Explosive gas atmospheres**

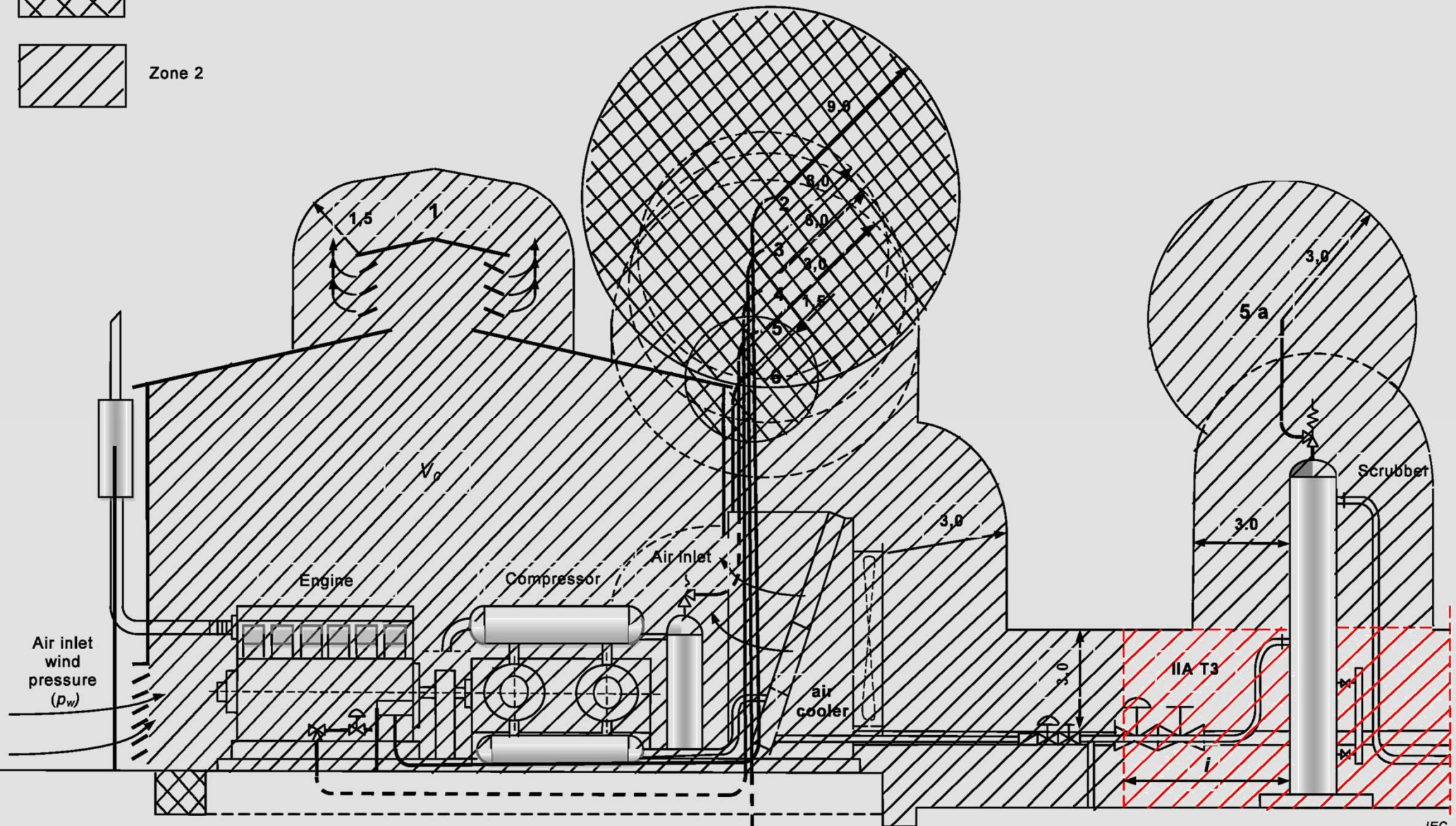
# Area classification – Basic Example



Zone 1



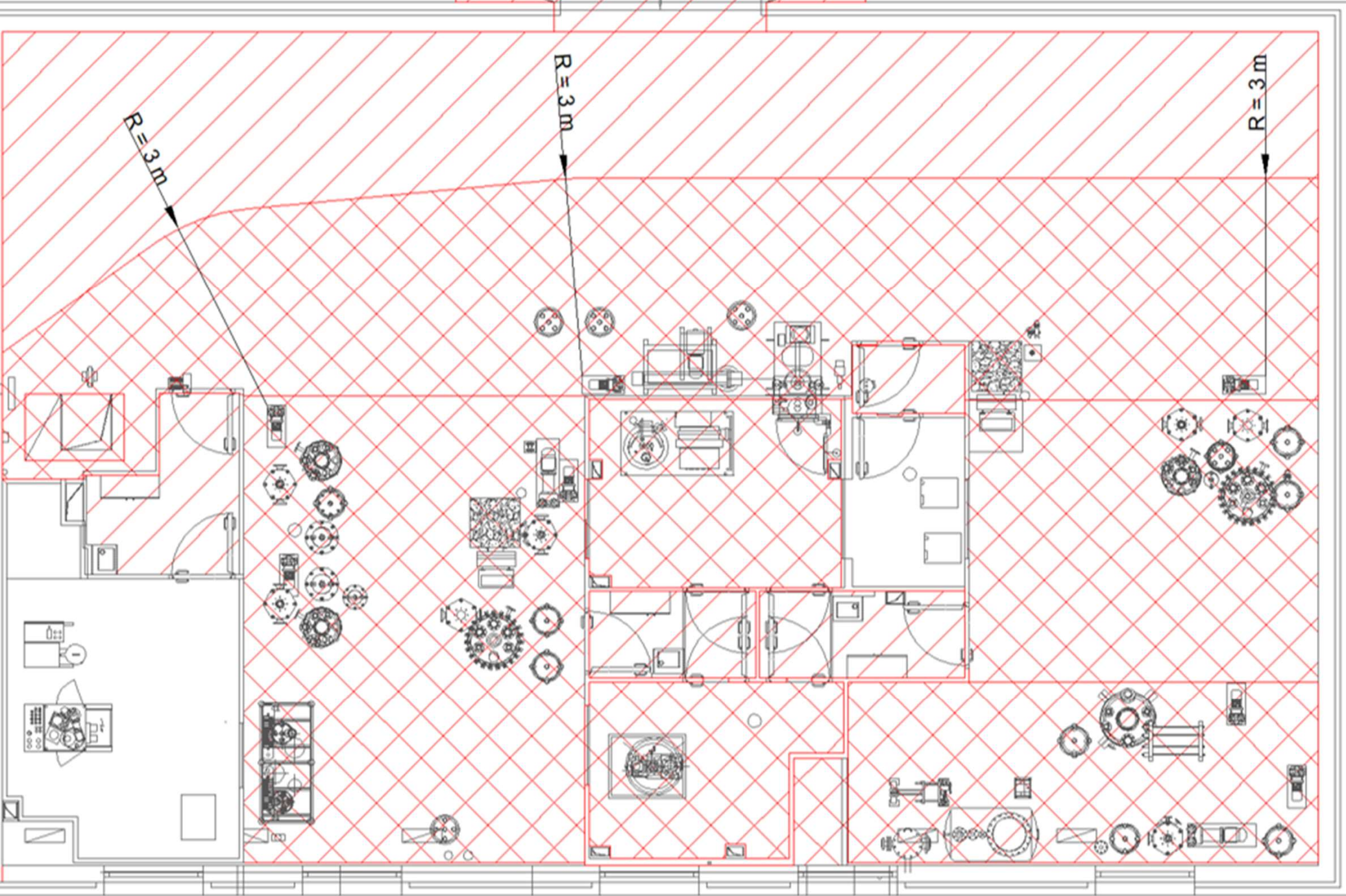
Zone 2





$R = 1,5\text{ m}$   $R = 1,5\text{ m}$

 Zone 1 IIC T3 (EPL Gb)  
 Zone 2 IIB T3 (EPL Gc)





## 5.3 Documentation – Ex Equipment

- Operating instructions of the Ex Equipment manufacturers with information on the intended use, for installation and initial testing, for maintenance and repair, if applicable
- Documents for Ex Equipment with **Specific Conditions of Use**
- Descriptive system documents for intrinsically safe systems
- Calculations or information , for example Ex “e” calculations and purging rates for pressurized equipment





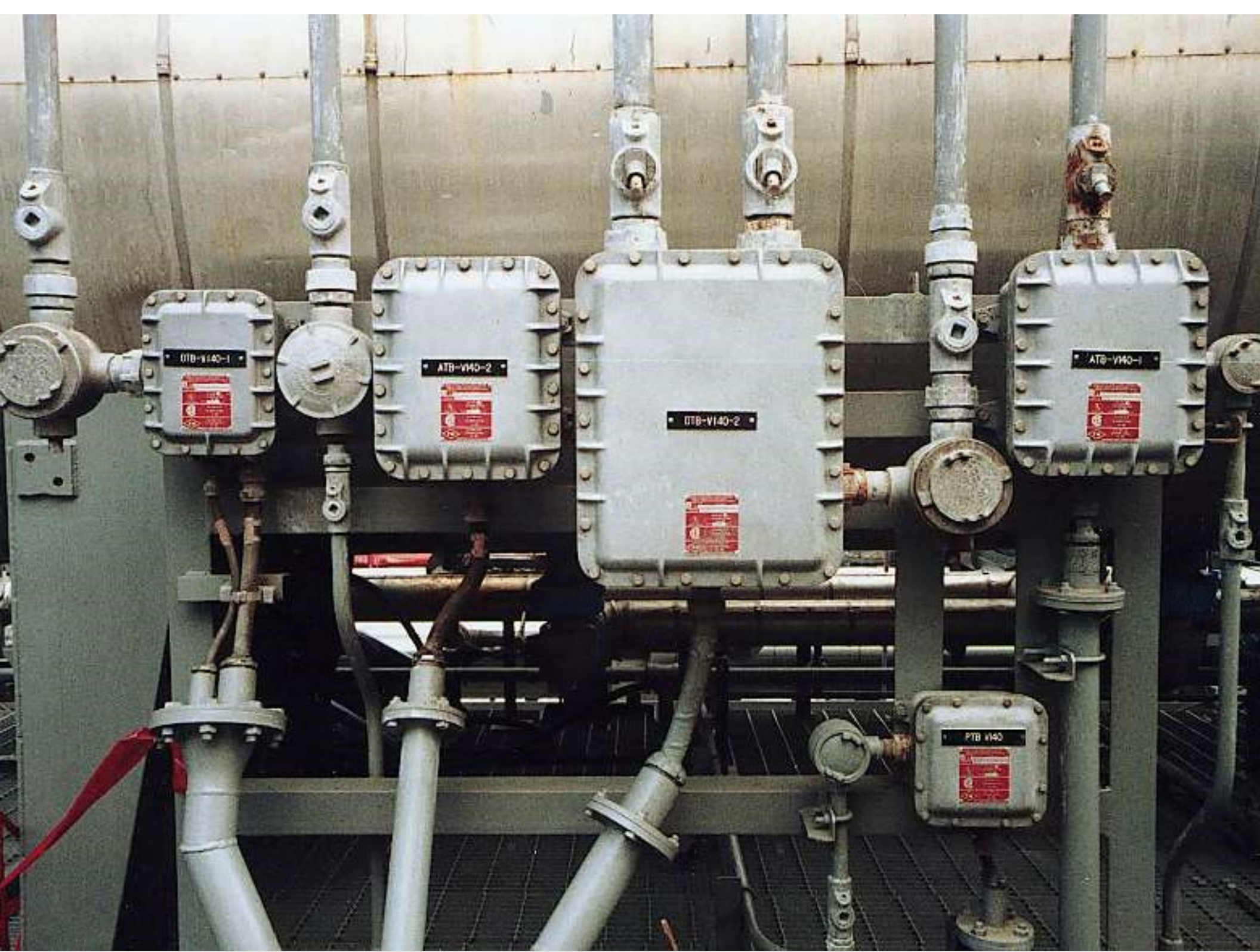
## 5.4 Documentation - Installation (1)

- **Manufacturer's instructions**
- **Documentation on the suitability of the Ex Equipment for the area and environment to which it is exposed, for example temperature ratings, Type of Protection, degree of protection (IP Code), corrosion resistance;**
- **Plans showing types and details of wiring systems and cable routing;**
- **Records of selection criteria for cables, cable entry systems and conduits for compliance with the requirements for the particular Type of Protection;**



## 5.4 Documentation - Installation (2)

- **Drawings of the conduit installation and the location of the sealing fittings;**
- Drawings and schedules relating to circuit identification;
- Records of the initial inspection;
- Installer's/qualified person's declaration



DTB-VI40-1

ATB-VI40-2

DTB-VI40-2

ATB-VI40-1

PTB-VI40



## **5.5 Personnel competency**

**The design of installation, the selection of Ex Equipment and installation accessories, installation and initial inspection covered in this document shall only be carried out by persons whose training has included instruction on the various Types of Protection and installation practices, relevant rules and regulations and on the general principles of area classification.**

**The competence of the person(s) must be relevant to the type of work to be carried out.**

**The staff must continuously undergo appropriate further education or training.**



## 6. Design



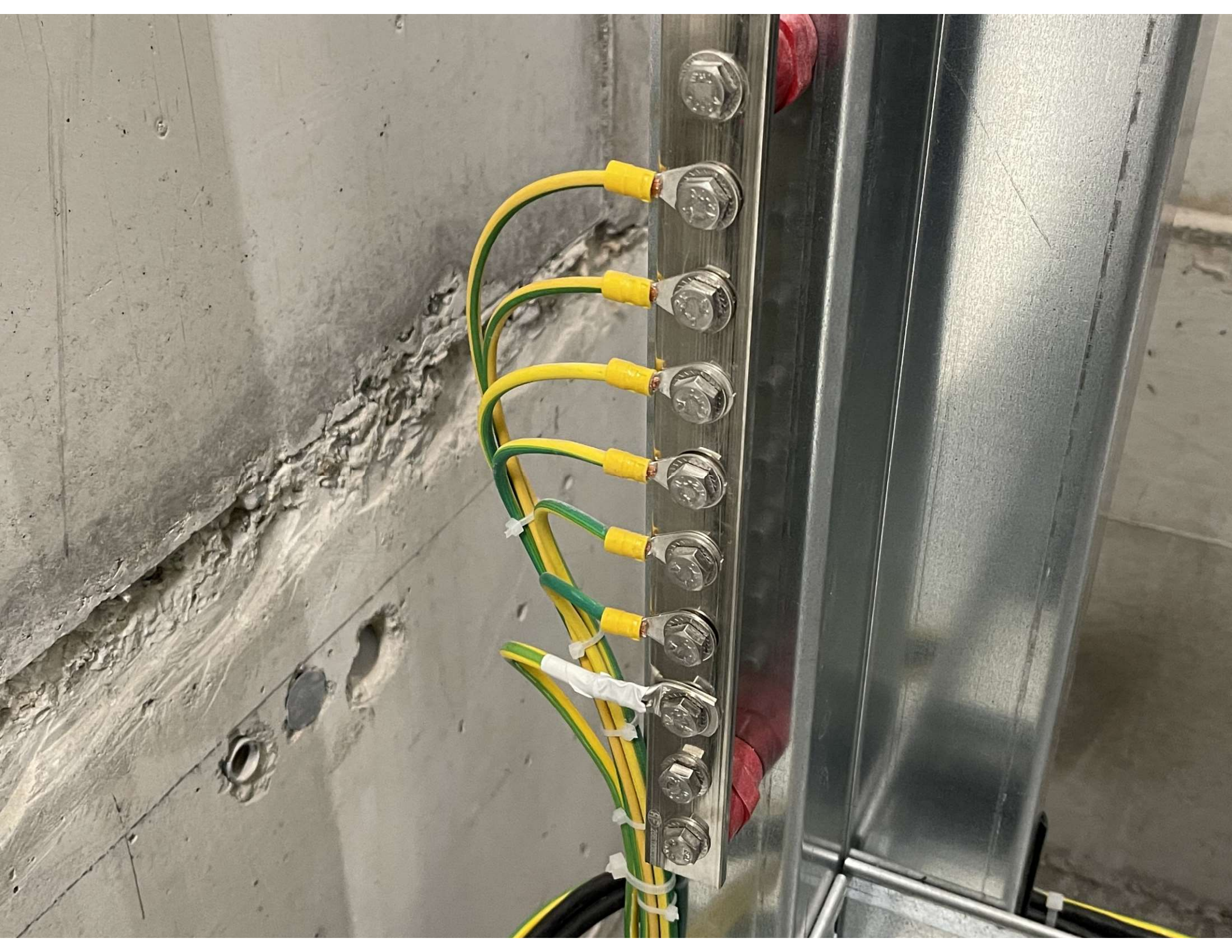
## 6.2.6 Protective equipotential bonding conductor

The cross-section for the protective equipotential bonding conductor is at least **6 mm<sup>2</sup>** (based on the conductance of copper) in accordance with IEC 60364-5-54 and at least **4 mm<sup>2</sup> for the** additional connections.

Mechanical strength must be taken into account for the connections, this may require cross-sections of 16 or 25 mm<sup>2</sup>.

The connections must meet the following requirements:

- secured against self-loosening and
- be protected against corrosion.





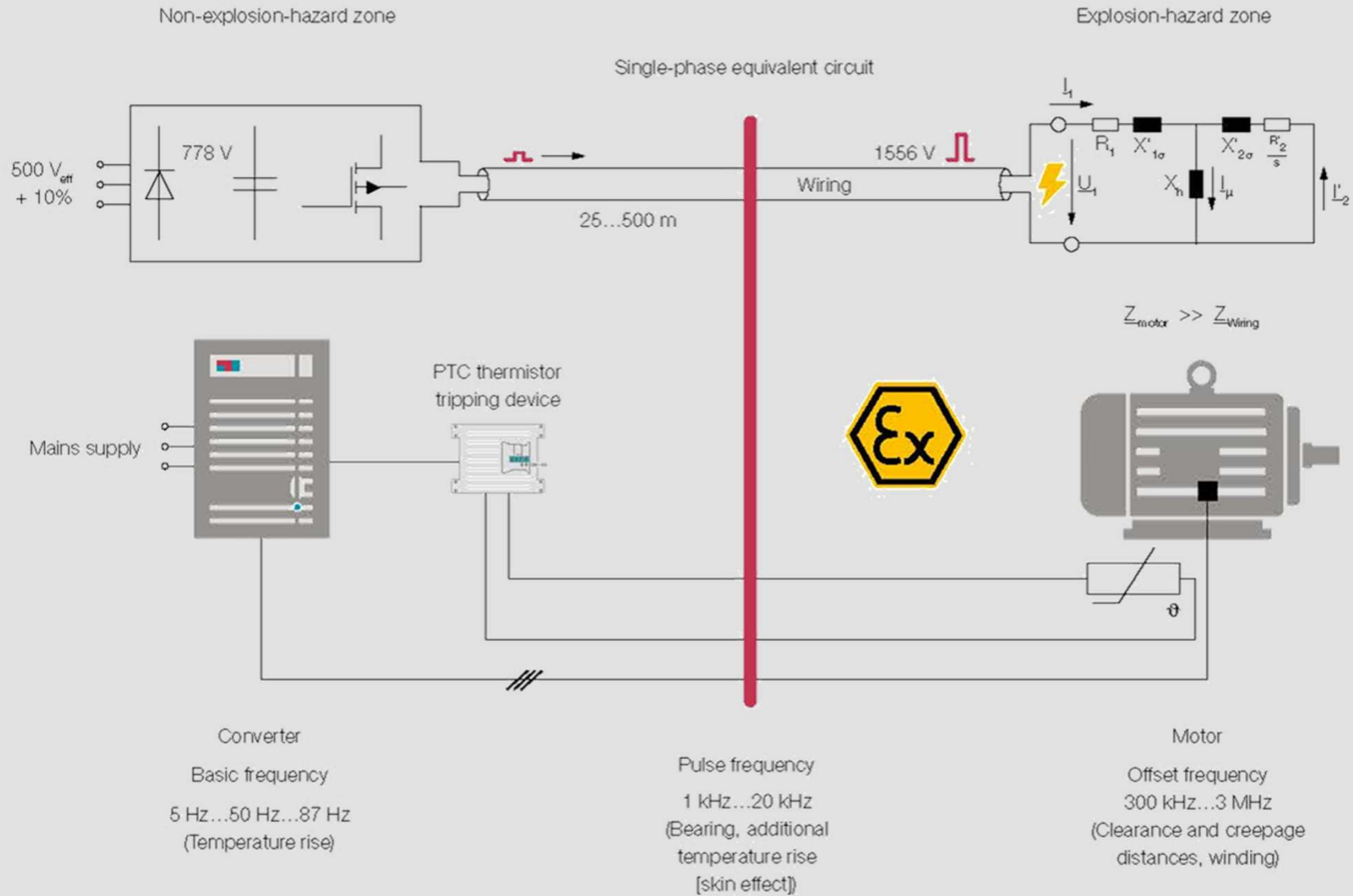
## **6.7.3.4 Electrical machines with converter supply**

**(1)**

**When using converter with electrical machines that have terminal boxes with Type of Protection “eb”, “ec” or “nA”, make sure that any overvoltage peaks and excess temperatures that may occur in the terminal box are taken into account.**



# 6.7.3.4 Electrical machines with converter supply (2)





## **6.7.3.4 Electrical machines with converter supply**

**(3)**

**Electric machines with an converter supply require either:**

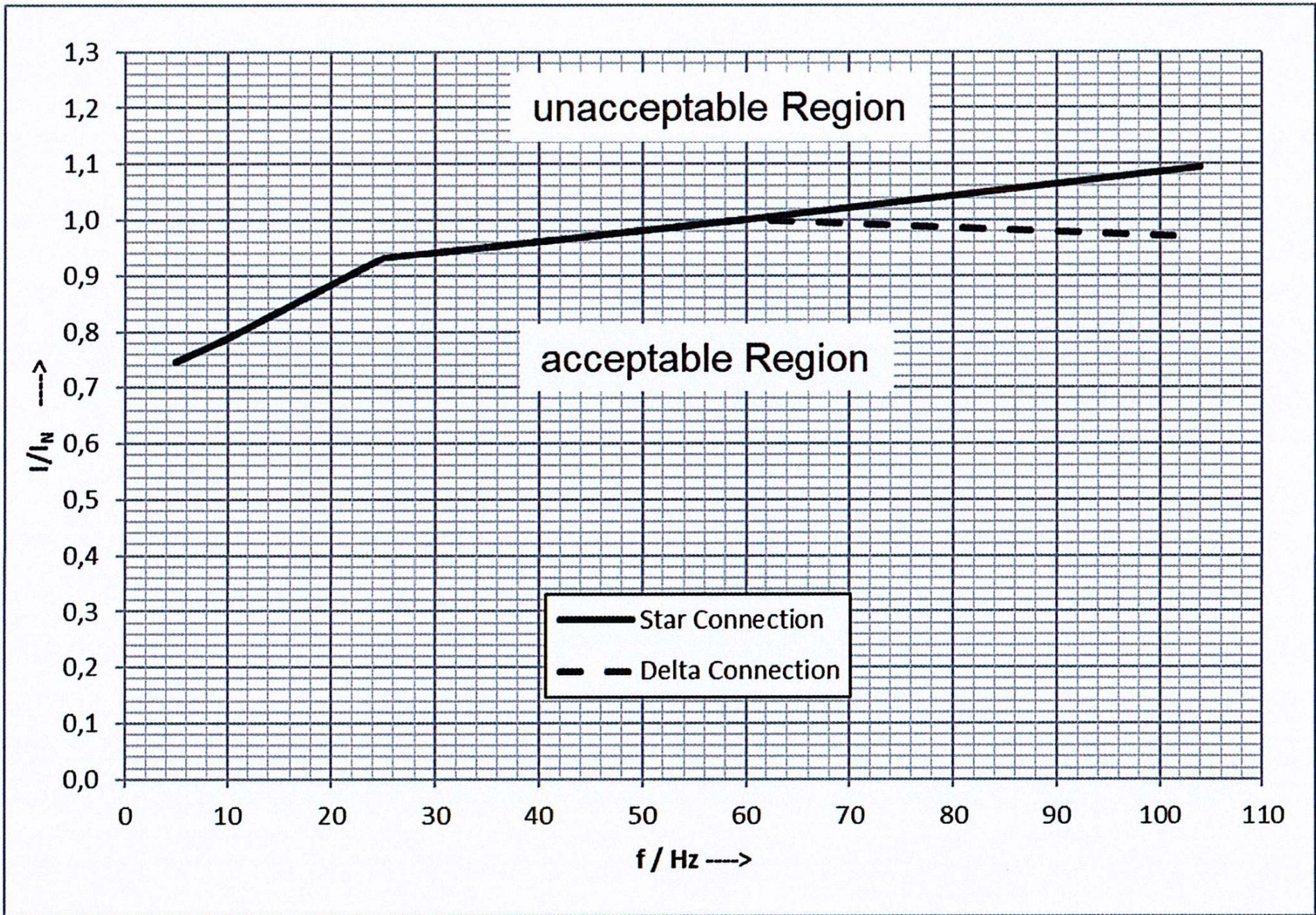
- a. Electrical machines that have been type tested with a specific converter have been type tested for this duty in conjunction with the converter and the protective device. The electrical machine should be used within its electrical rating and the converter configuration should be set to match the electrical machine rating.**



## **6.7.3.4 Electrical machines with converter supply**

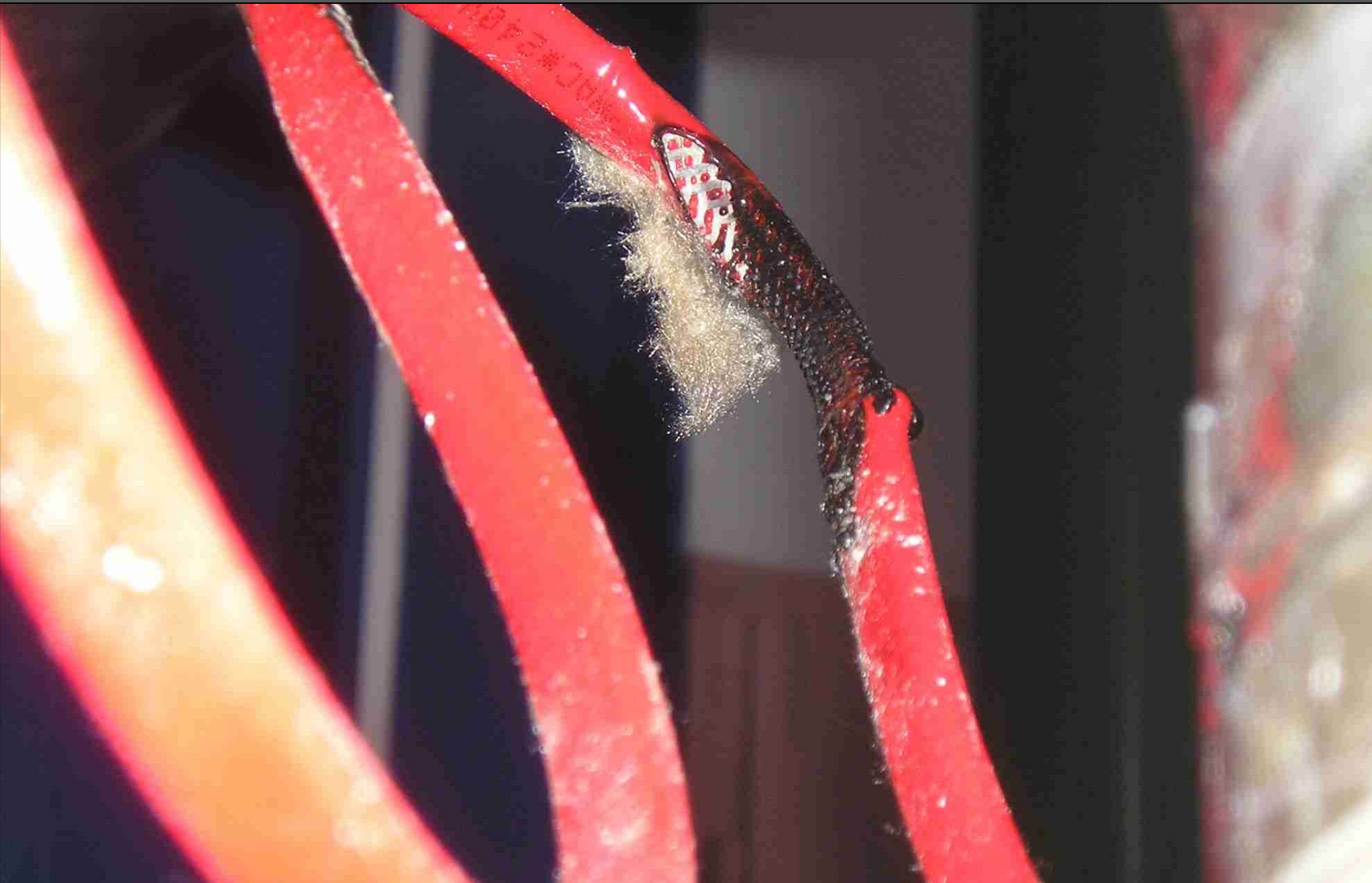
**(4)**

- b. Electrical machines that have been tested for converter operation, but where the type and manufacturer of the converter is not specified. In this case, the characteristics of the selected converter, the maximum converter input voltage and the converter settings must match the specifications of the electrical machine manufacturer.**



Setting parameters for the continuous current limit of the frequency converter between 5 Hz and 104 Hz

## 6.8 Electric heating system

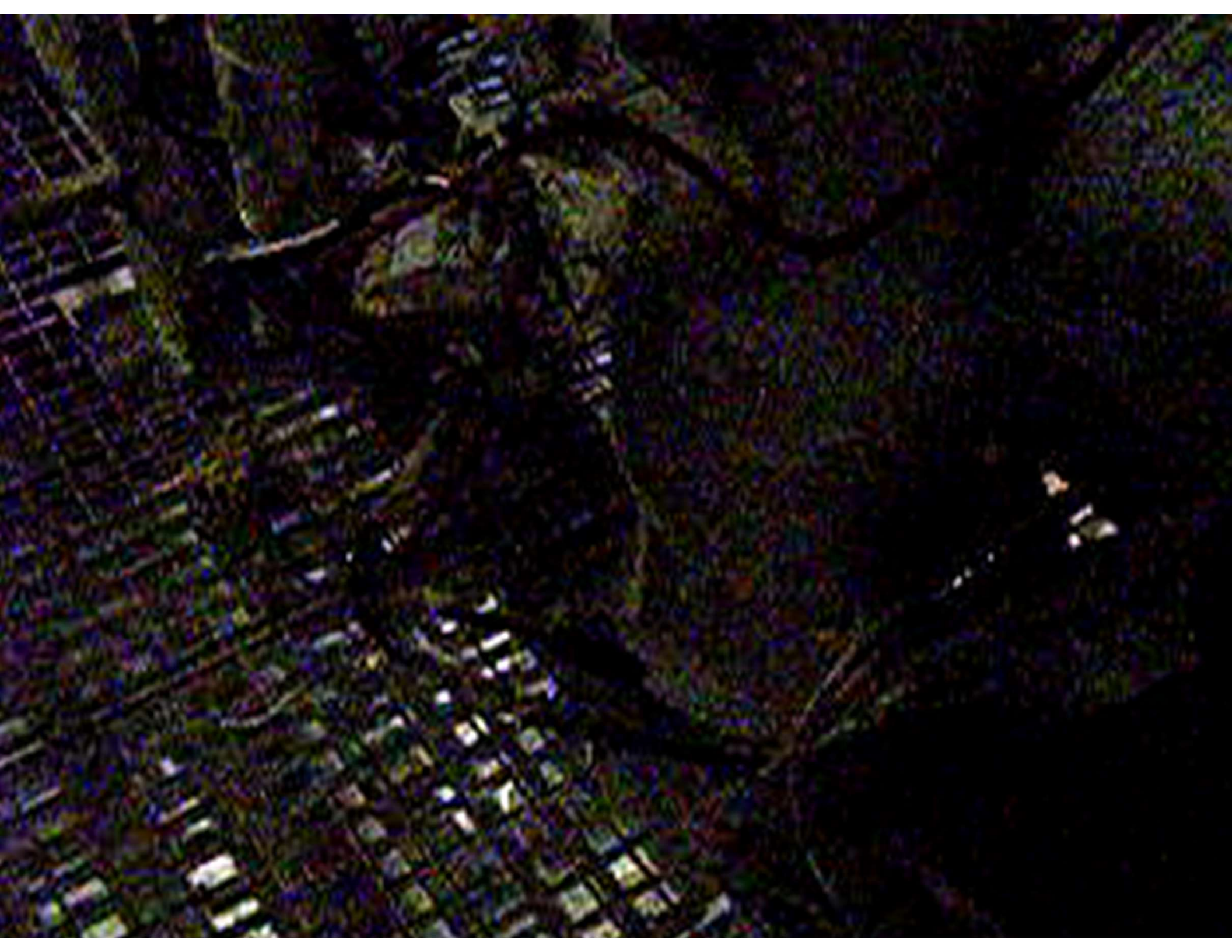




## **6.8.2 Protection against earth fault**

**To limit heating due to earth fault and earth leakage currents, the following protective device must be installed in addition to the overcurrent protection:**

- a) In a TT or TN system, a residual current device (RCD) must be used, the rated response residual current of which does not exceed 100 mA. Residual current devices with a rated response residual current of 30 mA are preferable.**
- b) For an IT type system, a suitable insulation monitoring device (IMD) in accordance with IEC 61557-8 shall be used.**





## 6.8.4 Limiting the surface temperature

**This must be secured by one of the following means:**

**a) Stabilised operation:**

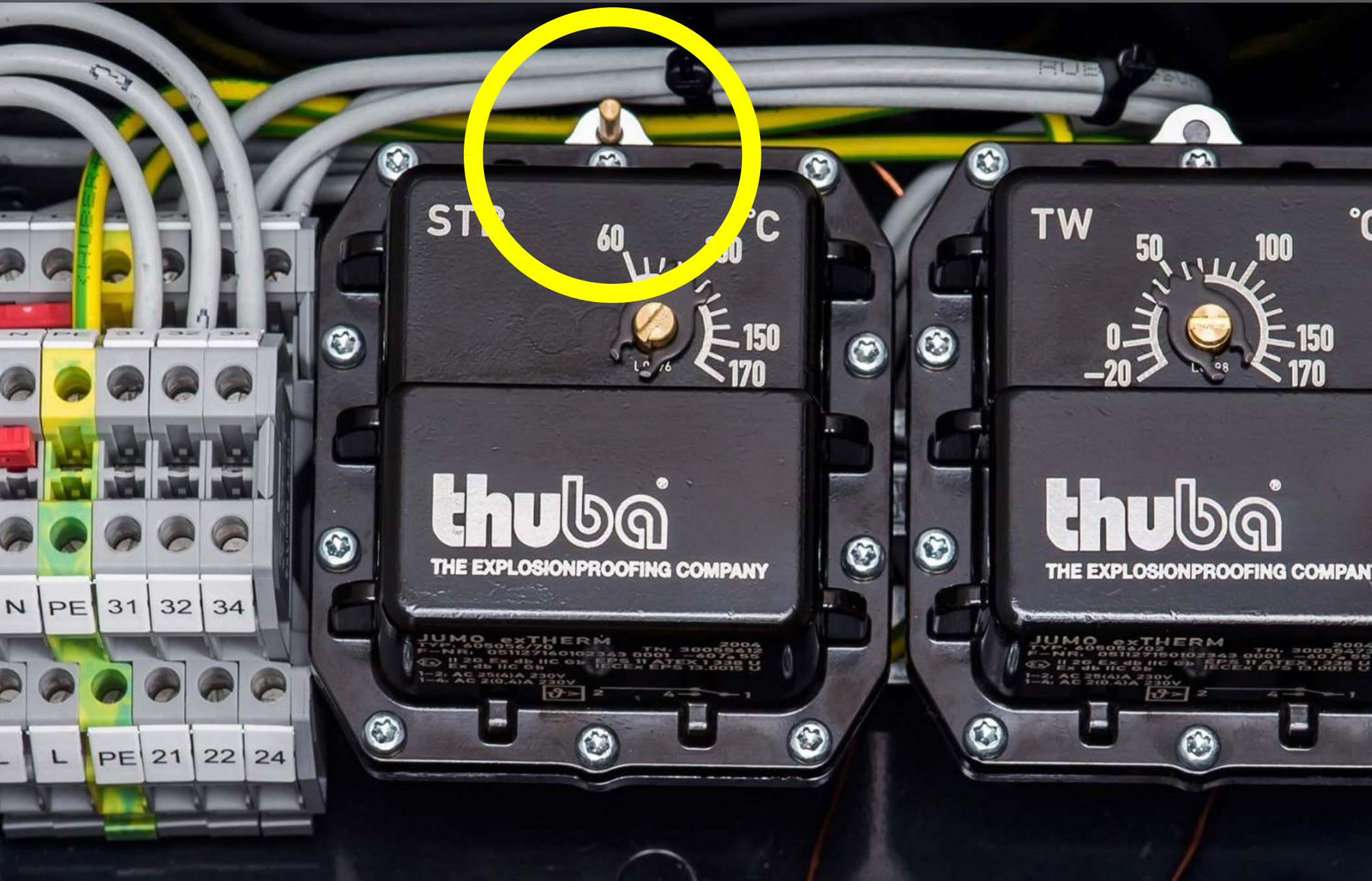
- 1. a stabilised design that uses the self-limiting temperature characteristic of the resistance heating device;**
- 2. a stabilised design of a heating system with low power output.**

**b) Controlled operation:**

**with a temperature controller and a safety temperature limiter.**



## 6.8.4 Limiting the surface temperature





## 6.12 Flameproof enclosures “d”

**Ex Equipment marked “IIB + H<sub>2</sub>” and used in a hydrogen atmosphere shall be installed as Ex Equipment of Group IIC.**



# Marking (IEC 60079-0:2017)

Type of Protection including  
Level of Protection:

Flameproof enclosure «db»

Increased safety «eb»

**Ex db eb [ia Ga] IIC T5 Gb**

Associated circuit [Ex ia] IIC

Gas Group

Temperature Class

Equipment Protection Level  
(EPL)



# Marking (IEC 60079-0:2017)

Type of Protection including  
Level of Protection:

Flameproof enclosure «db»

Increased safety «eb»

**Ex db eb IIB + H<sub>2</sub> T5 Gb**

Specific Gas Group

Temperature Class

Equipment Protection Level  
(EPL)



## **6.13.2 Maximum number of conductors**

**The manufacturer's operating instructions must contain the permissible number of terminals, the conductor cross-section and the maximum current for each terminal size.**

**If not, all terminals will be loaded simultaneously, then the load factor may be used for the calculation.**



## 6.13.2 Maximum number of conductors

Current	Cross-section in [mm <sup>2</sup> ]							
[A]	1,5	2,5	4	6	10	16	25	35
6	102							
10	68	102						
16	23	45	84					
20	9	26	51	64				
25		12	28	24	52			
35			8	5	52	44		
50					10	44		
63						16		
80								
100								
max. number of terminals	51	51	42	32	26	22		

## 6.13.2 Maximum number of conductors





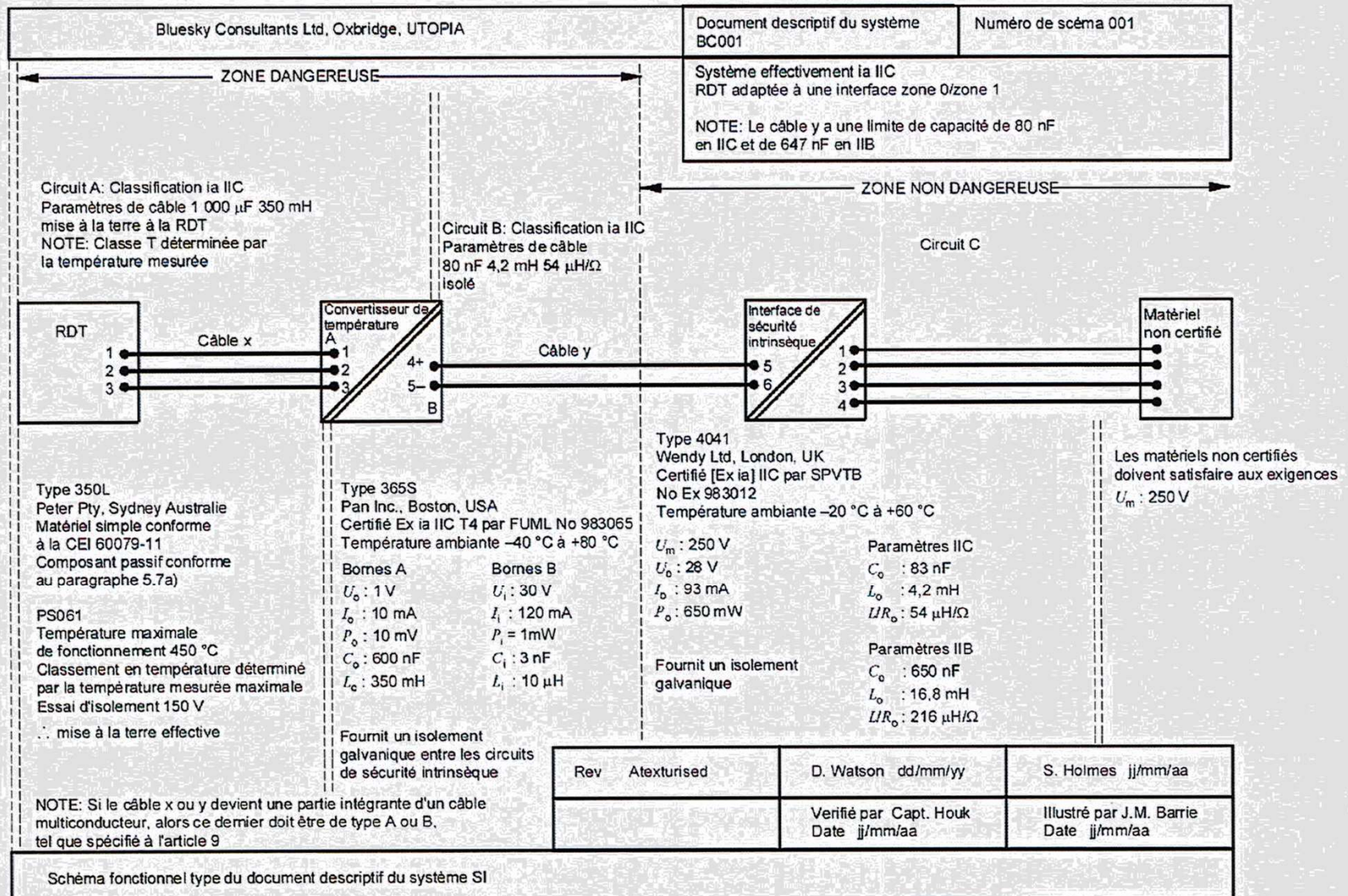
## **6.14.3.2 Descriptive system document**

**The designer must prepare a descriptive system document specifying the Ex equipment, including the simple equipment and the electrical parameters of the system, including the connecting cables.**

**The form of the required system description is not specified in the standard and could be covered, by drawings, diagrams, operating instructions or similar documents.**



## Extract from IEC 60079-25



can lead into areas of Zone 1 (EPL Gb) or Zone 21 (EPL Db).

### 15.3 Parameters

#### 15.3.1 Type SB0604-\*-6.51-248

15.3.1.1 Input circuit 1: terminal 1 = In 1+, terminal 2 = In 1 GND, terminals 3,4 = PA  
 Input circuit 2: terminal 5 = In 2+, terminal 6 = In 2 GND, terminals 6,7,8 = PA

Nominal voltage		DC	12	V
Maximum voltage	Um			
for type SB0604-1-*-*		AC/DC	60	V
for type SB0604-2-*-*		AC/DC	253	V

15.3.1.2 Output circuits, intrinsically safe level of protection Ex ib  
 terminal 13 = Out 1+, terminals 14, 15, 16 = Out 1 - GND  
 terminal 9 = Out 2+, terminals 10, 11, 12 = Out 2 - GND

Channel 1 and 2 separated, values for each channel

Voltage	Uo	DC	6.51	V
Current	Io		248	mA
Power	Po		1.13	W

Trapezoid output characteristic

The values for external inductance and external capacitance connected in acc. with the following table:

	Group IIC				Groups IIB and IIIC		
L <sub>o</sub>	1 μH	100 μH	500 μH	710 μH	1 μH	1 mH	3.1 mH
C <sub>o</sub>	22 μF	3 μF	1.1 μF	0.73 μF	500 μF	7.4 μF	2.6 μF

#### 15.3.2 Type SB0605-\*-13-188

15.3.2.1 Input circuit 1: terminal 1 = In 1+, terminals 2,3 = GND, PA, terminal 4 = In 1-  
 Input circuit 2: terminal 5 = In 2+, terminals 6,7 = GND, PA, terminal 8 = In 2-

Nominal voltage		DC	12	V
Maximum voltage	Um			
for type SB0605-1-*-*		AC/DC	60	V
for type SB0605-2-*-*		AC/DC	253	V



## 6.14.3.3 Intrinsically safe circuits with only one current source

If values in permissible pairs for  $L_o$  and  $C_o$  are specified in the certificate for the associated equipment, these combined inductances and capacitances can be used for the verification.

***Remark:***

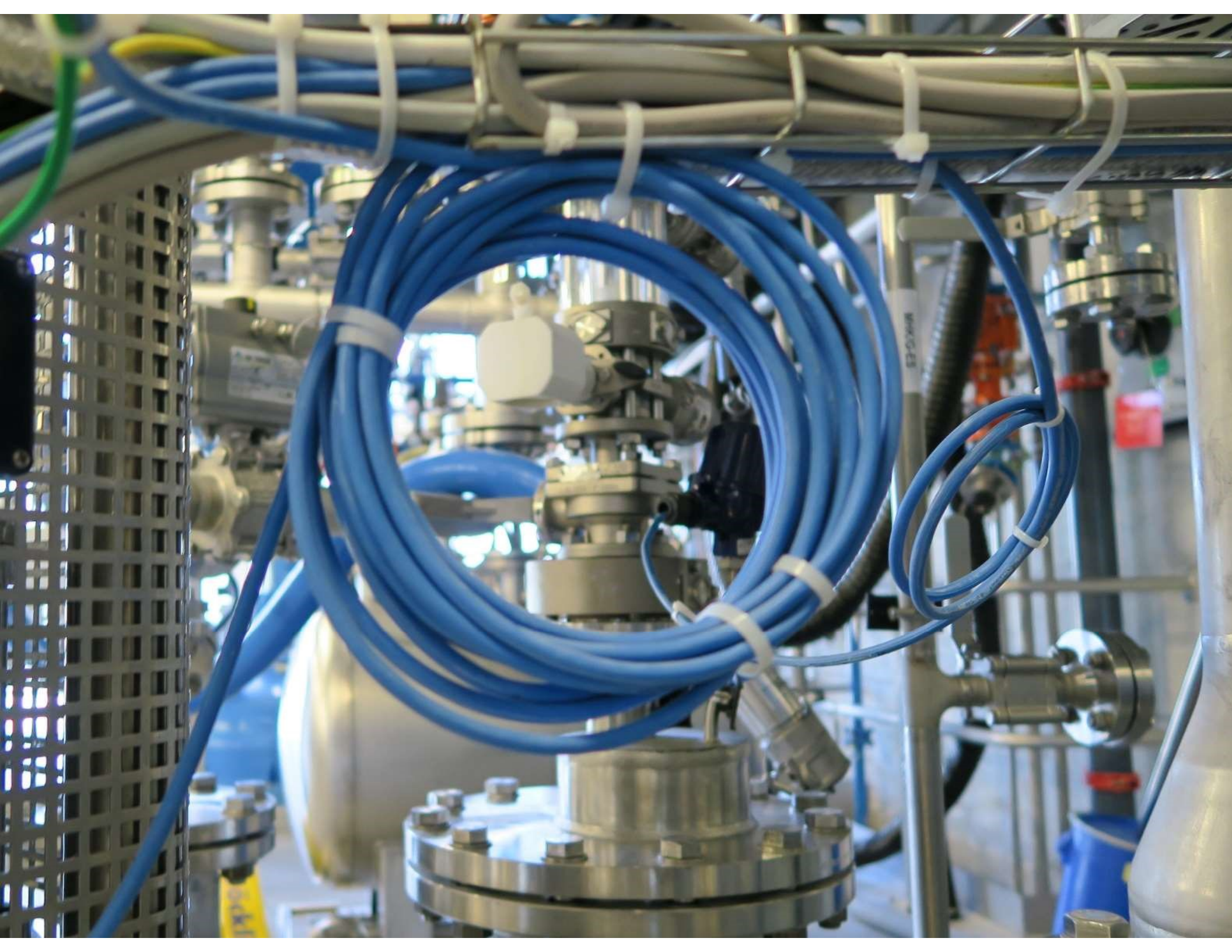
***Applies only to intrinsically safe circuits with only one current source and linear characteristic!***



## 6.14.6 Marking of the cables

Cables containing intrinsically safe circuits shall be marked to identify them as part of an intrinsically safe circuit. If sheaths or enclosures are identified by a colour, the **colour for cables** containing intrinsically safe circuits shall be **light blue**.

For alternative possibilities see 8.9.3.2





# 7. Selection



## 7.3.1 Information requirements (1)

The following information is required for the selection of suitable Ex Equipment for potentially explosive atmospheres:

- the classification of the potentially explosive atmosphere including **Equipment Protection Level (EPL)**;
- the gas, vapour or dust classification in relation to the group or subgroup of Ex Equipment;
- Temperature class or ignition temperature of the gas or vapour concerned;
- Minimum ignition temperature of the dust cloud or dust layer;



## 7.3.1 Information requirements (2)

- the intended use of the Ex Equipment;
- the external influences;
- the ambient temperature.





## 7.3.2 External influences

- **Extremely low or high ambient temperatures;**
- **High humidity;**
- **Water and humidity;**
- **Sun exposure;**
- **Corrosive atmosphere or contact with chemicals;**
- **Vibrations, mechanical stresses, friction and abrasion;**
- **Wind;**
- **Colour coatings;**
- **Dust.**



## 7.3.7.2 Relation between EPL and Types of Protection

EPL	Type of protection	Code	Standard
<b>Ga</b>	Flameproof enclosure	da	IEC 60079-1
	Intrinsic safety	ia	IEC 60079-11
	Encapsulation	ma	IEC 60079-18
	Equipment with equipment protection level (EPL) Ga		IEC 60079-26
	Protection of equipment and transmission systems with optical radiation	op is	IEC 60079-28



## 7.3.7.2 Relation between EPL and Types of Protection

EPL	Type of protection	Code	Standard
<b>Gb</b>	Flameproof enclosure	d, db	IEC 60079-1
	Pressurization	p, pxb, pyb	IEC 60079-2
	Powder filling	q	IEC 60079-5
	Liquid immersion	o, ob	IEC 60079-6
	Increased safety	e, eb	IEC 60079-7



## 7.3.8 Selection according to the equipment group

Required gas/steam or dust subdivision	Permitted Equipment Group
<b>IIA</b>	<b>II, IIA, IIB or IIC</b>
<b>IIB</b>	<b>II, IIB or IIC</b>
<b>IIC</b>	<b>II, IIC</b>



# Class I, Division 1 and 2

Group	Gas
A	Acetylen
<b>B</b>	<b>Hydrogen</b>
C	Ethylene
D	Propane



# Gas group

NEC 500-503			NEC 505 IEC 60079-0
Class I Gas and vapours	Acetylene	Group A	Group IIC
	<b>Hydrogen</b>	<b>Group B</b>	<b>Group IIC</b>
	Ethylene	Group C	Group IIB
	Propane	Group D	Group IIA



## 7.3.9 Selection according to temperature class

Required temperature class	Ignition temperature of gases and vapours	Permissible temperature classes of the units
<b>T1</b>	<b>&gt; 450 °C</b>	<b>T1-T6</b>
<b>T2</b>	<b>&gt; 300 °C</b>	<b>T2-T6</b>
<b>T3</b>	<b>&gt; 200 °C</b>	<b>T3-T6</b>
<b>T4</b>	<b>&gt; 135 °C</b>	<b>T4-T6</b>
<b>T5</b>	<b>&gt; 100 °C</b>	<b>T5-T6</b>
<b>T6</b>	<b>&gt; 85 °C</b>	<b>T6</b>



## 7.3.10 Selection according to the ambient temperature

If no **ambient temperature range** is specified in the marking of the electrical appliance, then the appliance is **only intended** for use in the temperature range from **-20 °C to 40 °C**.

### Example

extended ambient temperature range  $T_{amb}$

$$-30\text{ °C} \leq T_{amb} \leq 65\text{ °C}$$

### Note

IEC 60079-0 Edition 8 requires a marking for the ambient temperature for all ranges including -20 °C to 40 °C!







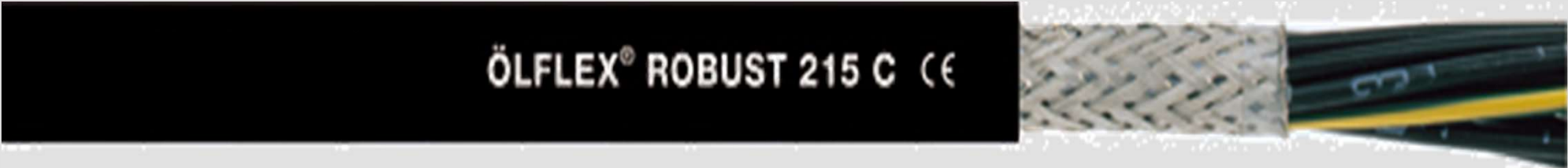
## 7.3.10 Selection according to ambient temperature range





## 7.4 Selection of cables

The cables must be suitable for the operating conditions used and must be selected and laid in such a way that they cannot be damaged during operation.

A close-up photograph of a cable jacket. The jacket is black and has a white label with the text 'ÖLFLEX® ROBUST 215 C CE'. To the right of the label, the cable's braided shield and internal conductors are visible.

ÖLFLEX® ROBUST 215 C CE



## 7.4 Selection of cables

**The construction of the cable must either**

- **nominally circular and installed with a cable entry selected in accordance with section 7.5 to maintain the degree of protection (IP Code) of the Ex Equipment; or**
- **non-circular (flat) cables selected together with the specific cable entry to maintain the degree of protection (IP Code) of the Ex Equipment.**

# 7.4 Selection of cables



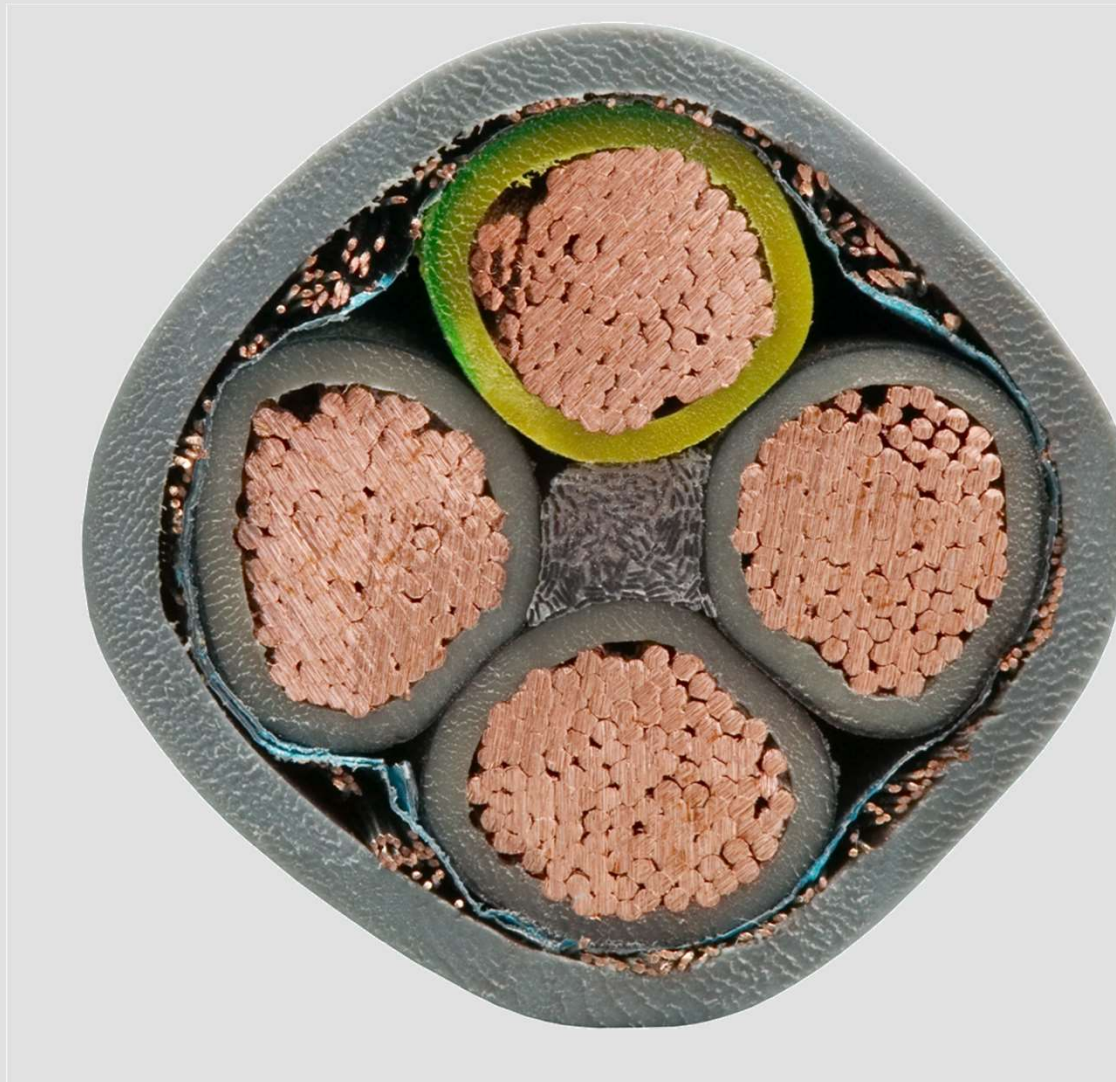


## **7.4 Selection of cables**

**In cases where there may be gas migration through the cable due to the application and the cable enters a non-hazardous area or between different zones, the compactness of the cable must be considered.**

**Suitable cable entries can be, for example, barrier glands, which seal around the individual conductors.**

# 7.4 Selection of cables





## 7.5.1 Selection of entry devices and other fittings

Extract from Table 15

Protection technique for the equipment	Glands, adapters and blanking element protection technique			
	Ex “d”	Ex “e”	Ex “n”	Ex “t”
Ex “d”	X			
Ex “e”	X (IP 54)	X		
Group II Ex “i” / Ex “nL”	X	X	X	
Group III Ex “i”				X



WARNING:  
MORE THAN ONE LIVE CIRCUIT, SEE  
WIRING DIAGRAM

ATTENTION:  
PLUS QUE UN CIRCUIT SOUS TENSION.  
VOIR LE SCHEMA DE BRANCHEMENT

1364 157 3



$\geq 90^{\circ} \text{ C}$



1363 5271

SEW

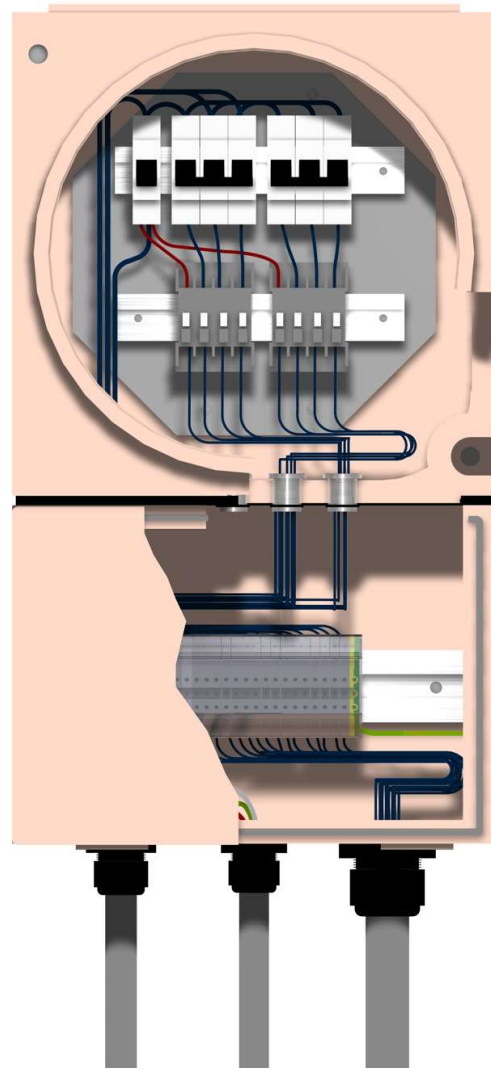


# 7.5.2 Adapters and blanking elements

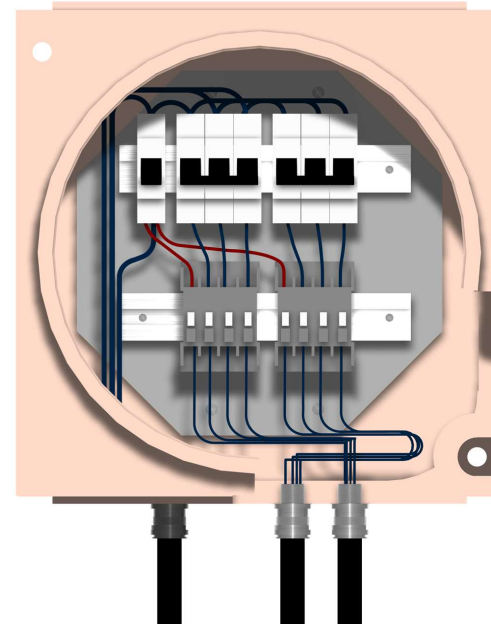




## 7.5.6 Cable entries for Type of Protection “d”



Indirect



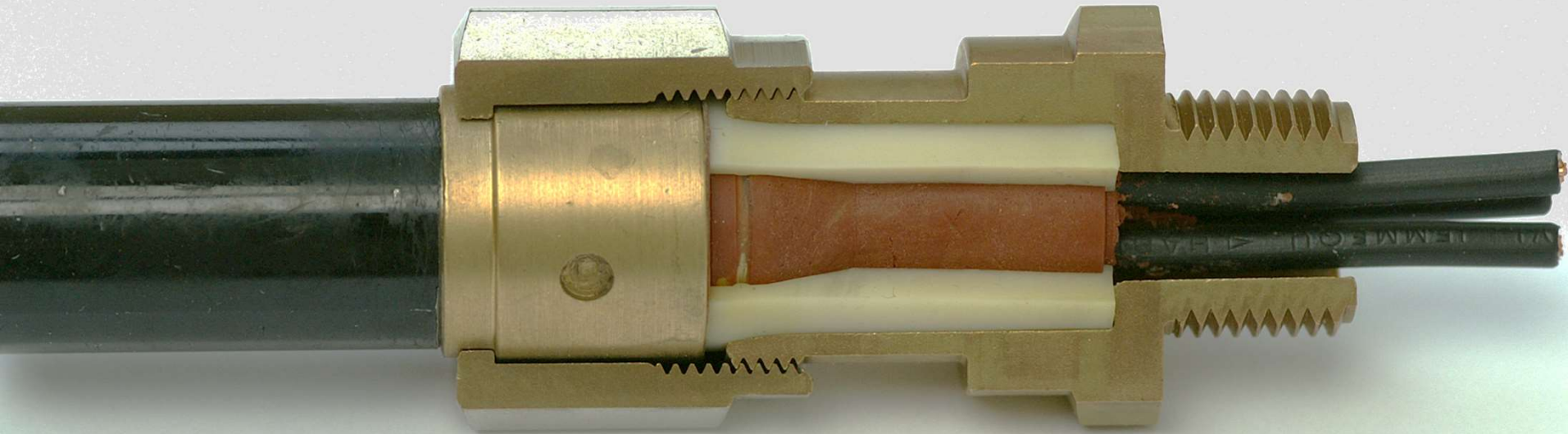
Direct



## 7.5.6 Cable entries for Type of Protection “d”

The cable entries must comply with one of the following requirements:

- a. Barrier glands in accordance with IEC 60079-1 and certified as equipment; or





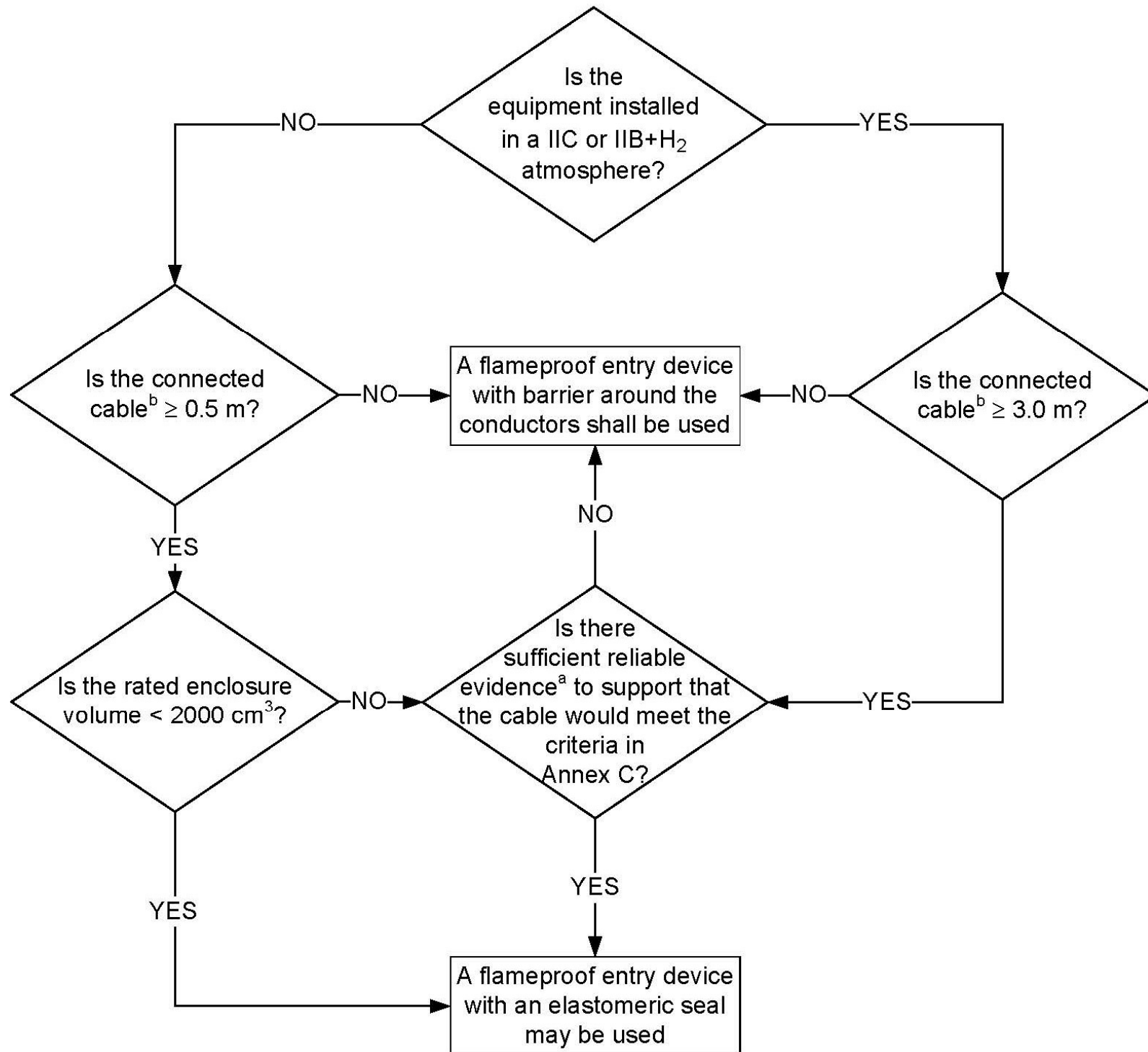
FLOWSERVE  
APEX 8000  
HIGH PERFORMANCE POSITIONER  
SERIAL NUMBER APPROX. 1000000000  
SEPT. 07 PRESSURE 30 TO 100 PSI

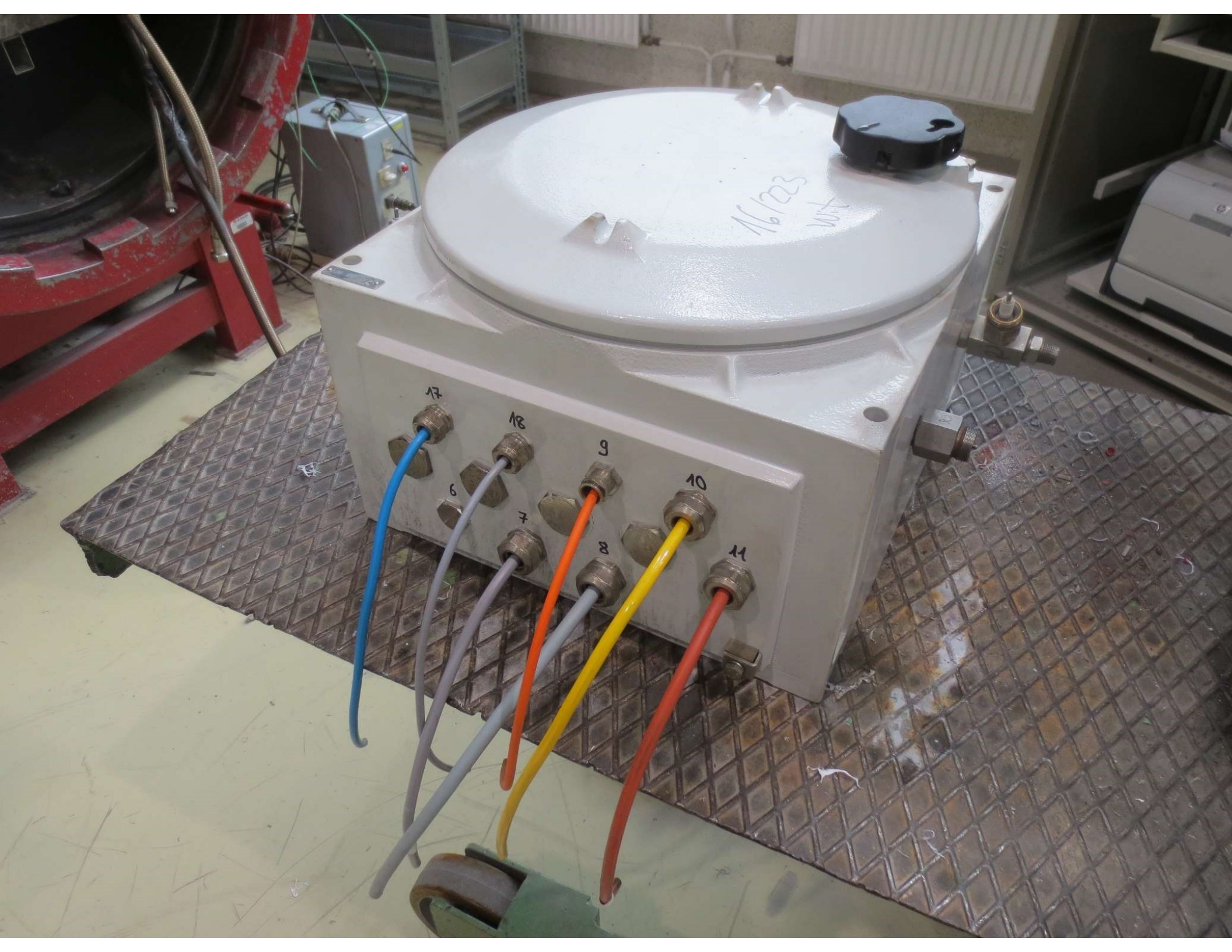
안전

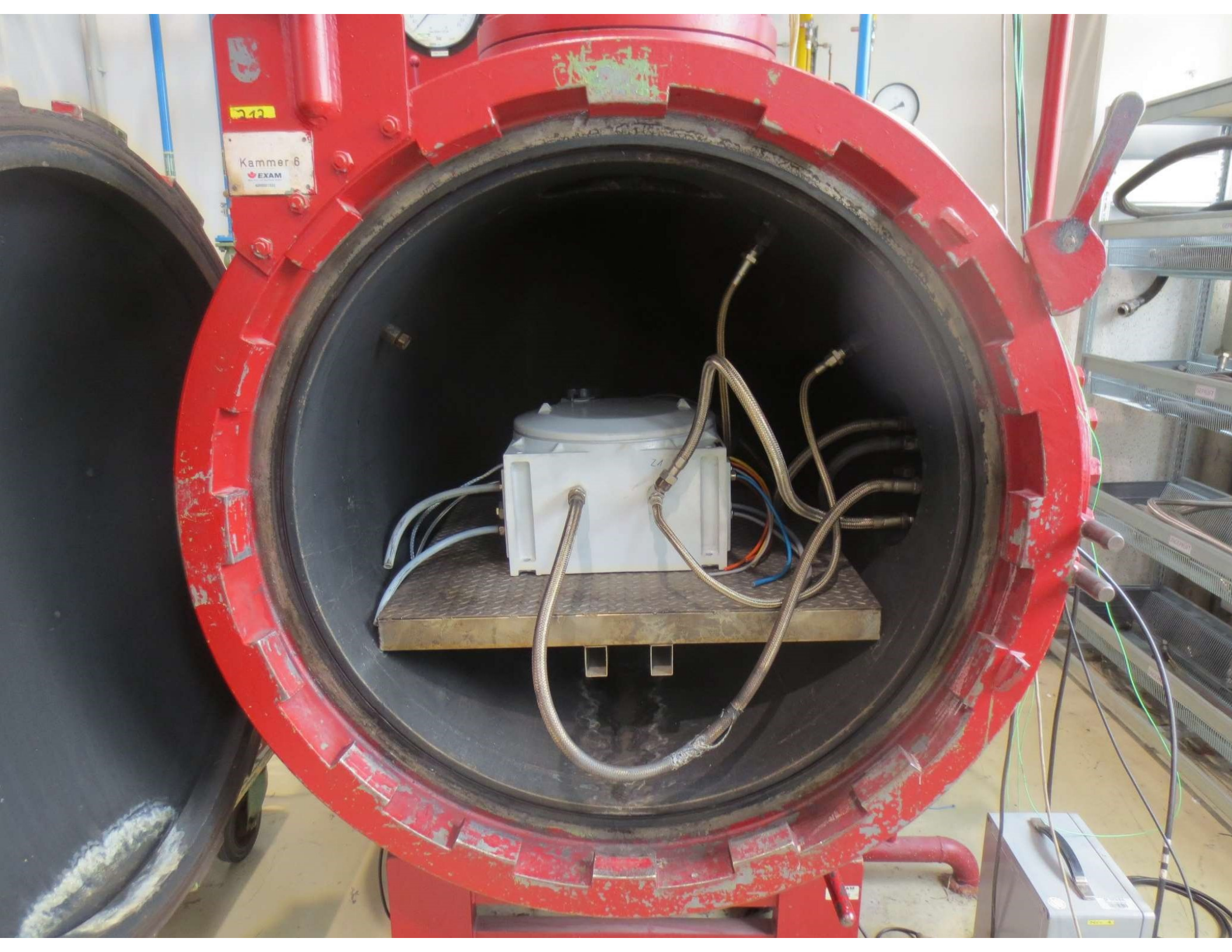


## **7.5.6 Cable entries for Type of Protection “d”**

- b. Cable entries in compliance with IEC 60079-1, certified as equipment and selected according to the new flow chart; or**
- c. Indirect cable entry through a combination of a flameproof enclosure with an Ex d bushing (Ex component) and a terminal box, for example in the increased safety “Ex eb” Type of Protection.**







Kammer 6  
EXAM

LA





# IEC SC 31J SD 001

Edition 1.0 2022-03

Background to flameproof cable gland requirements in IEC 60079-14





# **8. Installation of the equipment**



## **8.2 Cable and wiring systems**

**(1)**

### ***8.2.2 Equipotential bonding connections***

**The equipotential bonding connections should be arranged in such a way that the removal of a single connection does not lead to the loss of equipotential bonding of other parts.**

**The preferred arrangement for connecting multiple equipotential bonding wires is to provide a rail that allows each item to be provided with individual equipotential bonding as required.**



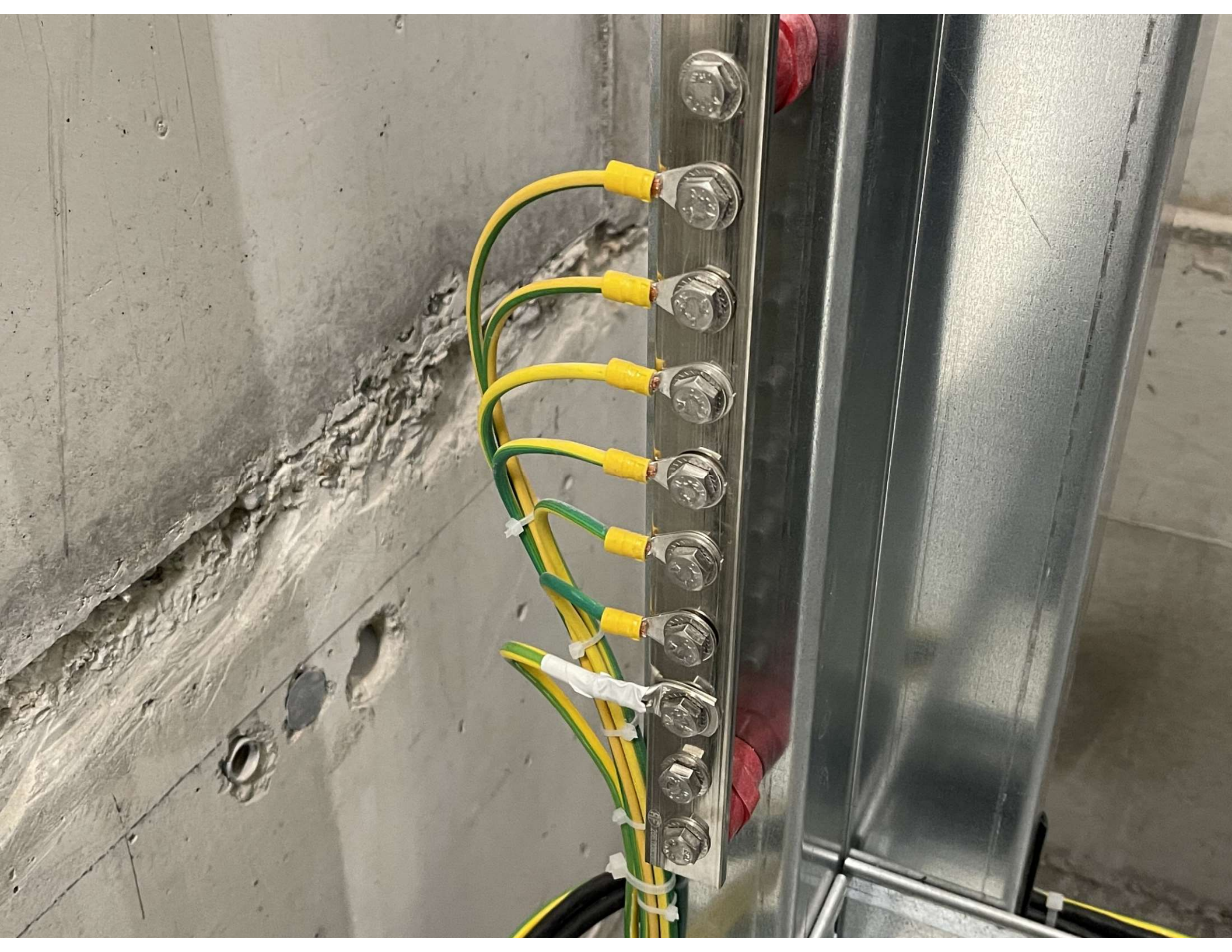
Main line

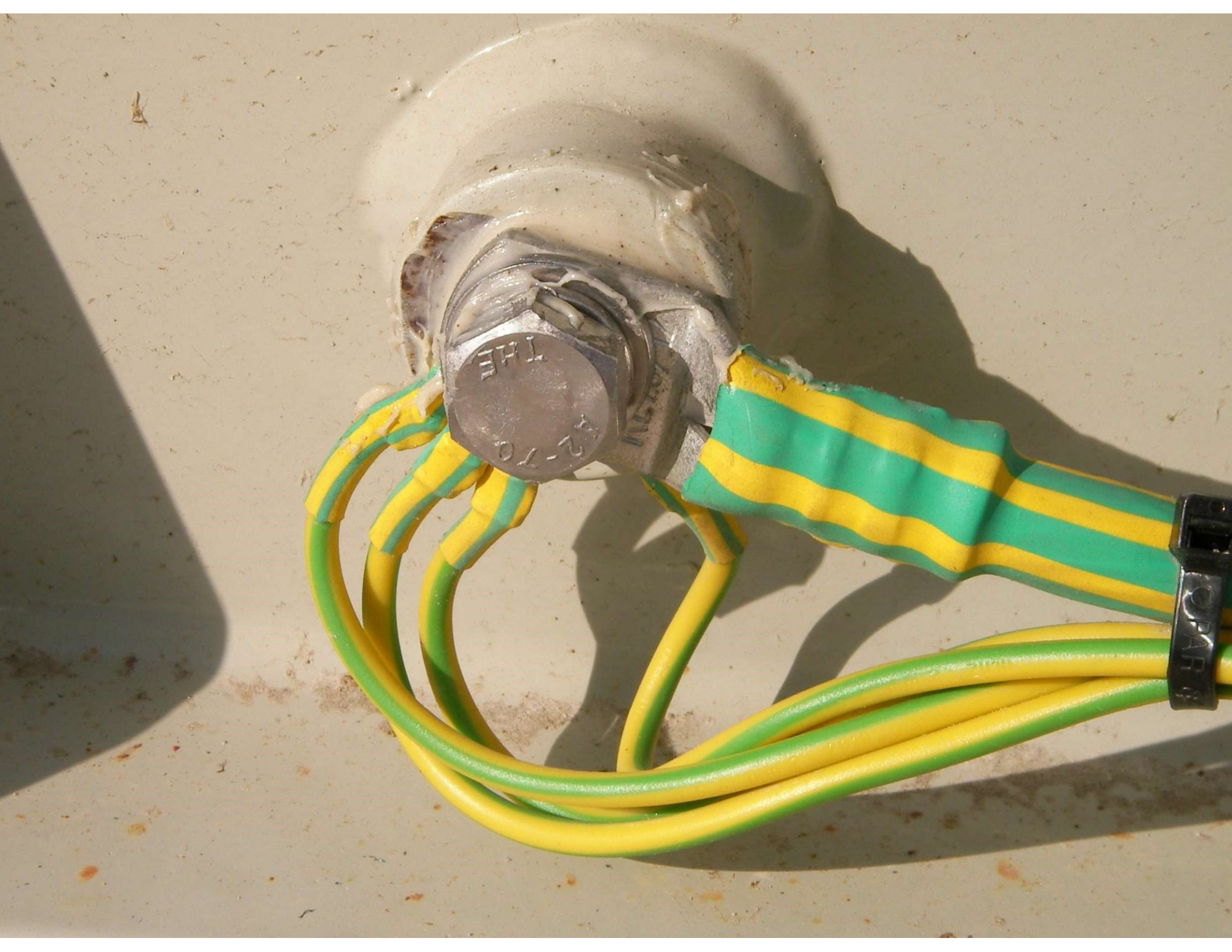
Ventilator

Pump

Filter

Heating device





**.steute**

035020

Ex EM 98 DS-11 -40°C

1442493



II 2G Ex tb eb IIC T6/T5 Gb

II 2D Ex tb IIIC

T80°C/T95°C Db

DMT 01 ATEX E 178



Ex db eb IIC T6/T5 Gb

Ex tb IIIC T80°C/T95°C Db

IECEX BVS 07.0014

250 V / 4,4 A AC-15 (T6)

250 V / 6,6 A AC-15 (T5)

-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ +70°C (T6/T5)

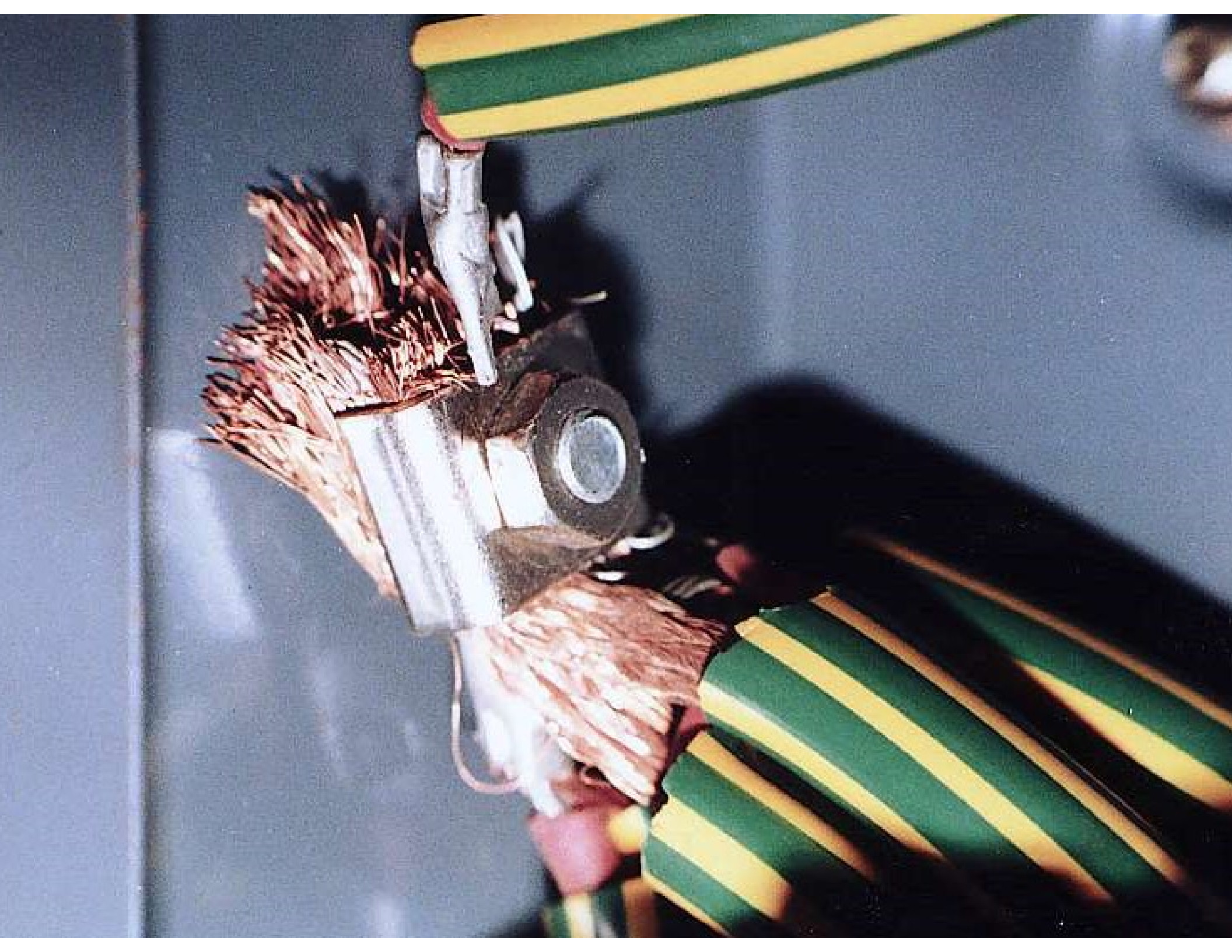


0158

IP66

Brückenstraße 91

32584 Löhne - Germany







## 8.2 Cable and wiring systems

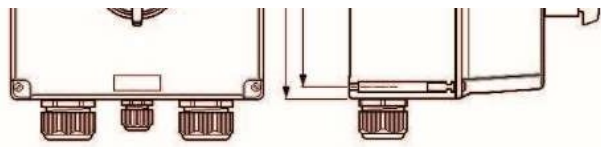
(2)

### 8.2.3 Terminations

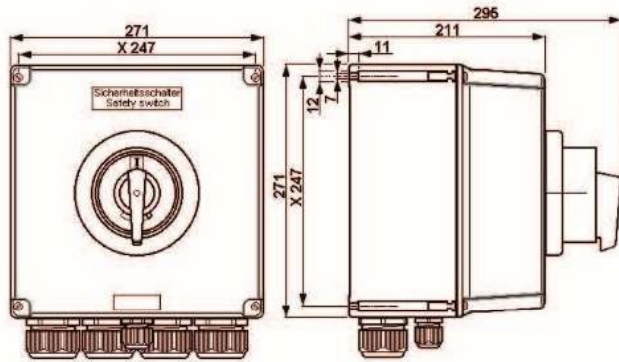
#### 8.2.3.1 General

Connections must be made in accordance with the terminal type, degree of protection (IP Code) and the manufacturer's instructions to avoid undue voltages, hot spots and arcing at the terminals .

All screw and bolt connections must be ***tightened to the torque specified by the manufacturer*** of the Ex terminals.



GHG 264 ..., 80 A 3-pole



GHG 264 ..., 80 A 6-pole

Ex tb IIIC T80 °C Db

Rated voltage:		690 V, 50/60 Hz		
Rated current:		80 A		
Perm. short circuit back-up fuse:		up to U <sub>N</sub> 400 V	up to U <sub>N</sub> 500 V	up to U <sub>N</sub> 690 V
Switching capacity AC 3:		80 A	80 A	63 A
Switching capacity DC 1 / DC 23:		U <sub>e</sub>	120 V	60 V
		I <sub>e</sub>	80 A	80 A
			2 contacts in series	1 contact
Cable entries (standard version):		3-pole version		6-pole version
		2 x M50 + 1 x M25		4 x M50 + 1 x M25
suitable cables and test torques of the pressure screw				
Cabel entry:		M25		M50
Seal 1+2+3 (Ø mm / Nm)		1 2 3	min. 8.0 / 1.5	
			max. <sup>(1)</sup> 10.0 / 2.0	
Seal 1+2 (Ø mm / Nm)		1 2	min. 10.0 / 2.3	24.0 / 6.0
			max. <sup>(1)</sup> 13.0 / 2.6	28.0 / 7.0
Seal 1 (Ø mm / Nm)		1	min. 13.5 / 1.3	28.0 / 5.0
			max. <sup>(1)</sup> 17.5 / 2.3	35.0 / 7.0
Test torque for screw in thread cable entry (Nm)		3.0		7.5
<sup>(1)</sup> The tests of clamping ranges and torque values were performed with metal mandrel. The clamping range can vary by using cables with different manufacturing tolerances and material properties. Please use a suitable combination of seals in the intermediate area, so that the cap nut can be tightened in future maintenance work on the cable entry.				
Main contact terminals:		1x / 2x 4.0- 25 mm <sup>2</sup> (with cable lug 1x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> )		
		Rated current: Ambient temperature at T <sub>amb</sub> :		
		+40 °C +50 °C +55 °C		
16 mm <sup>2</sup>		≤ 63 A	T6	T6
		≤ 80 A	T6	T5
25 mm <sup>2</sup>		≤ 80 A	T6	T6
35 mm <sup>2</sup>		≤ 80 A	T6	T6
Test torque terminals:		3.5 Nm		
Weight (standard version):		3-pole version		6-pole version
		approx. 6.50 kg		approx. 9.00 kg







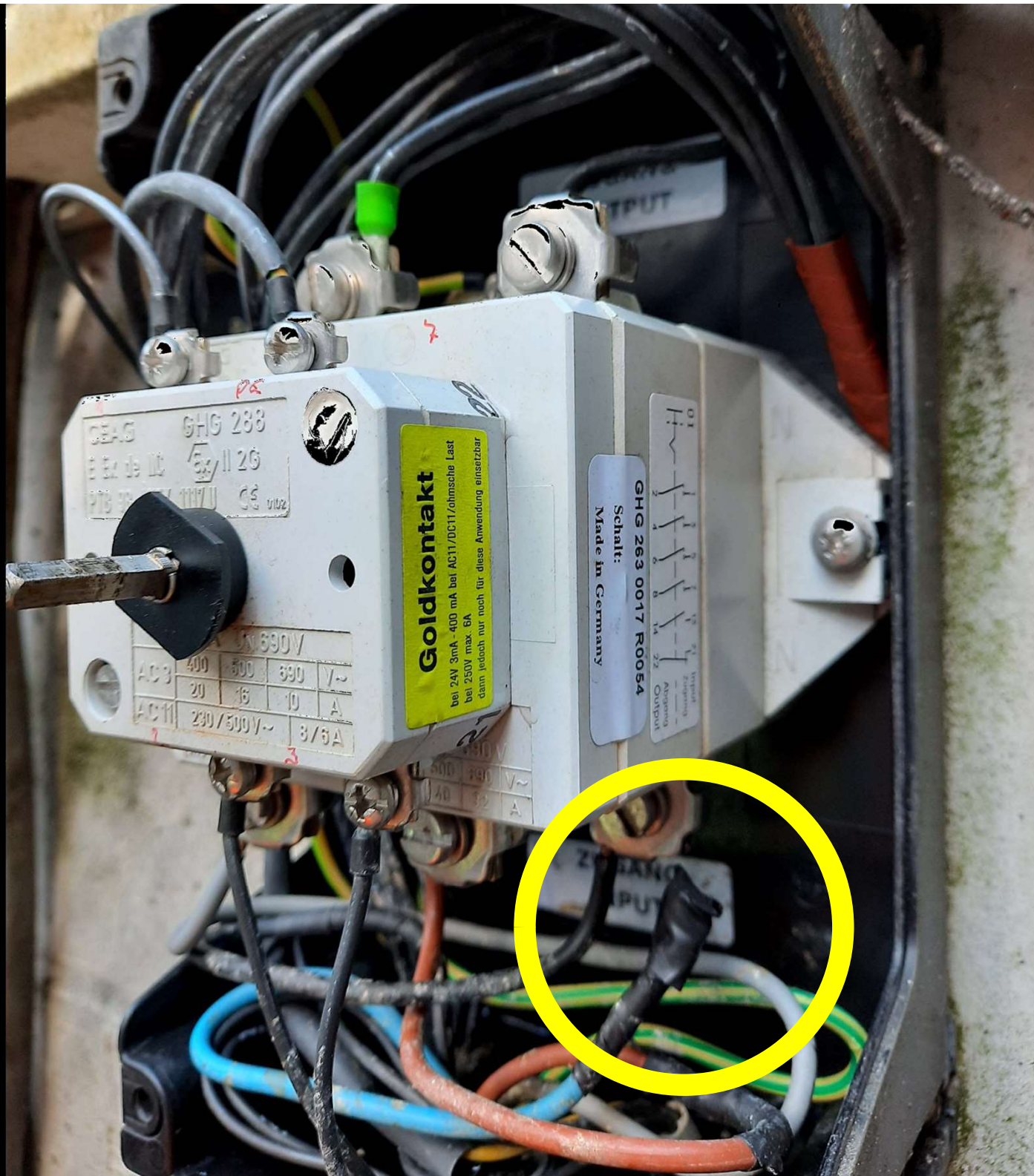
## **8.2 Cable and wiring systems**

**(4)**

### ***8.2.3.2 Unused cores***

**The end of each unused core of cables shall either be adequately connected to terminals suitable for the Type of Protection or connected to earth.**

**Insulation by tape alone is not permitted for all Types of Protection. Insulation using shrink tube is not permitted inside Ex “e” and Ex “nA” enclosures.**





## 8.3.2 Cable entry devices

(1)

### *8.3.2.1 General*

If the marking of the certificate for cable entry has an “X”, it may only be used for fixed installations.

An additional clamping device is required in order not to transfer tensile stresses to the conductor connections (terminals) inside the enclosures.



# IECEx Certificate of Conformity

Certificate No.: **IECEx PTB 14.0027X**

Page 3 of 4

Date of issue: 2017-01-16

Issue No: 1

## EQUIPMENT:

Equipment and systems covered by this Certificate are as follows:

### Description

The cable gland, type GHG 960 \*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*, made of polyamide serves to introduce permanently laid cables into electrical equipment of the type of protection Increased Safety "eb" and Protection by enclosure "tb".

The cable entry is composed of intermediate glands with two different widths of threaded joint, sealing rings of different designs and a cap nut.

Accessories are: blanking plug, reducing gland, multiple cable gland, flat cable gland and expansion gland.

They are installed in enclosures with through-holes or threaded holes, with or without lock nut.

The cap nut is optionally made in black resp. blue for the distinction of Ex-e and Ex-i circuits.

Technical Data and Nomenclature see Annex.

### SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF USE: YES as shown below:

Only permanently laid cables and conduits may be entered. The user must guarantee suitable clamping.

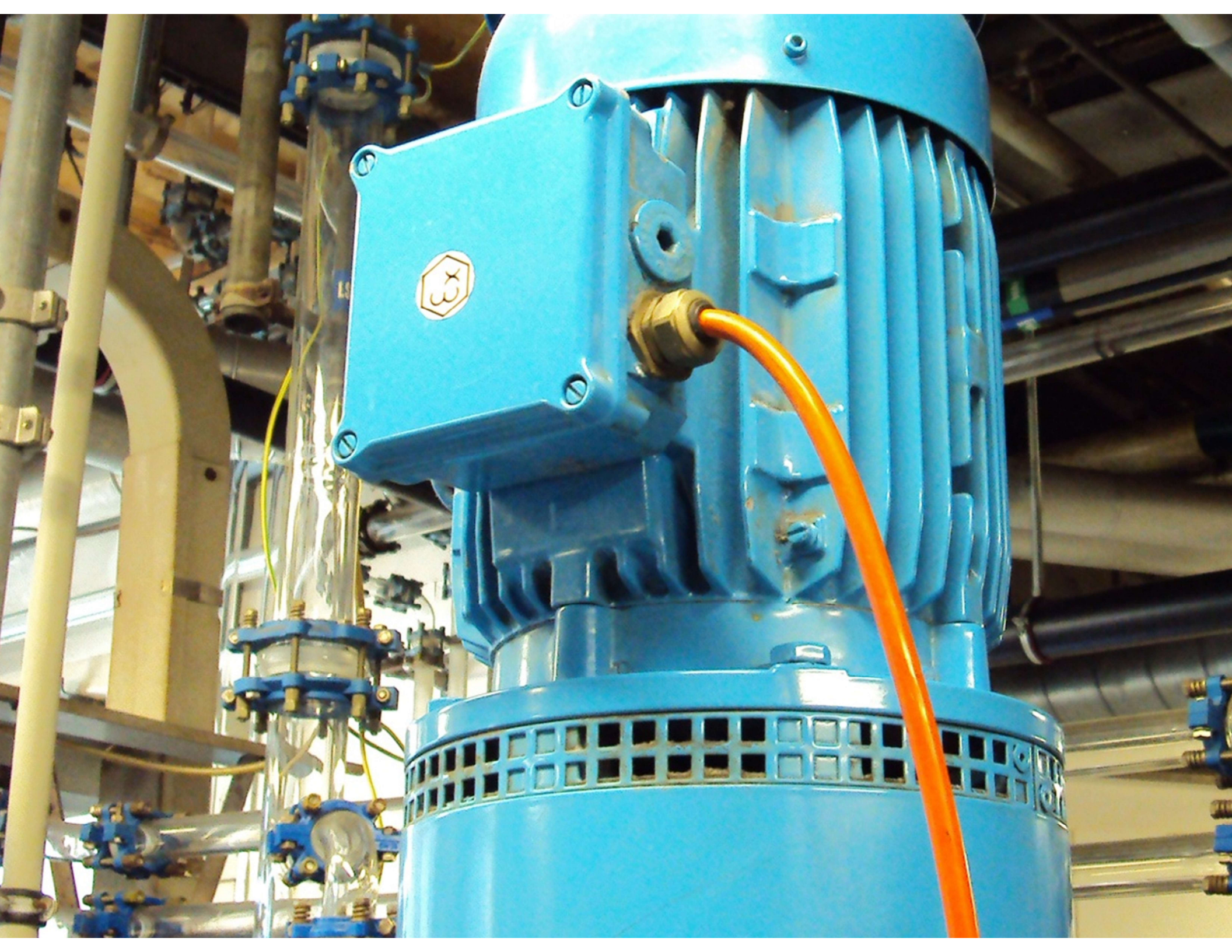
The degree of protection (IP66) will only be met if seals and cable glands are properly fitted. The manufacturer's instructions must be followed.

The cable entries with a low degree of mechanical hazard: may be used only in places where they are protected against the influence of mechanical danger.

The blanking plug type GHG 960 6107 P\*\*\*\* resp. GHG 960 1944 R\*\*\*\* shall only be used with the cable glands type GHG 960 92\*\* P\*\*\*\* resp. GHG 960 19\*\* R\*\*\*\*.







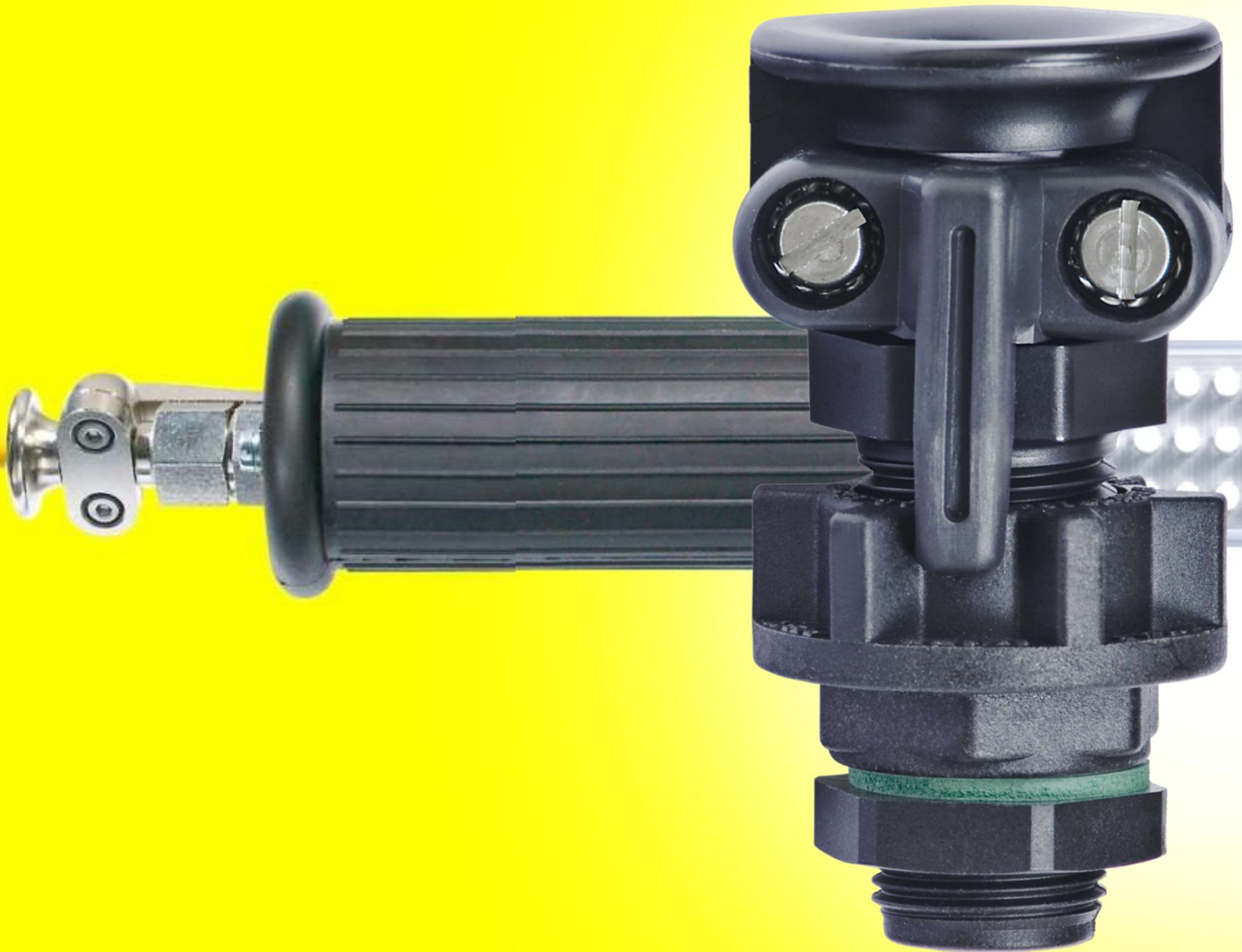


## 8.3.2 Cable entry devices

(3)

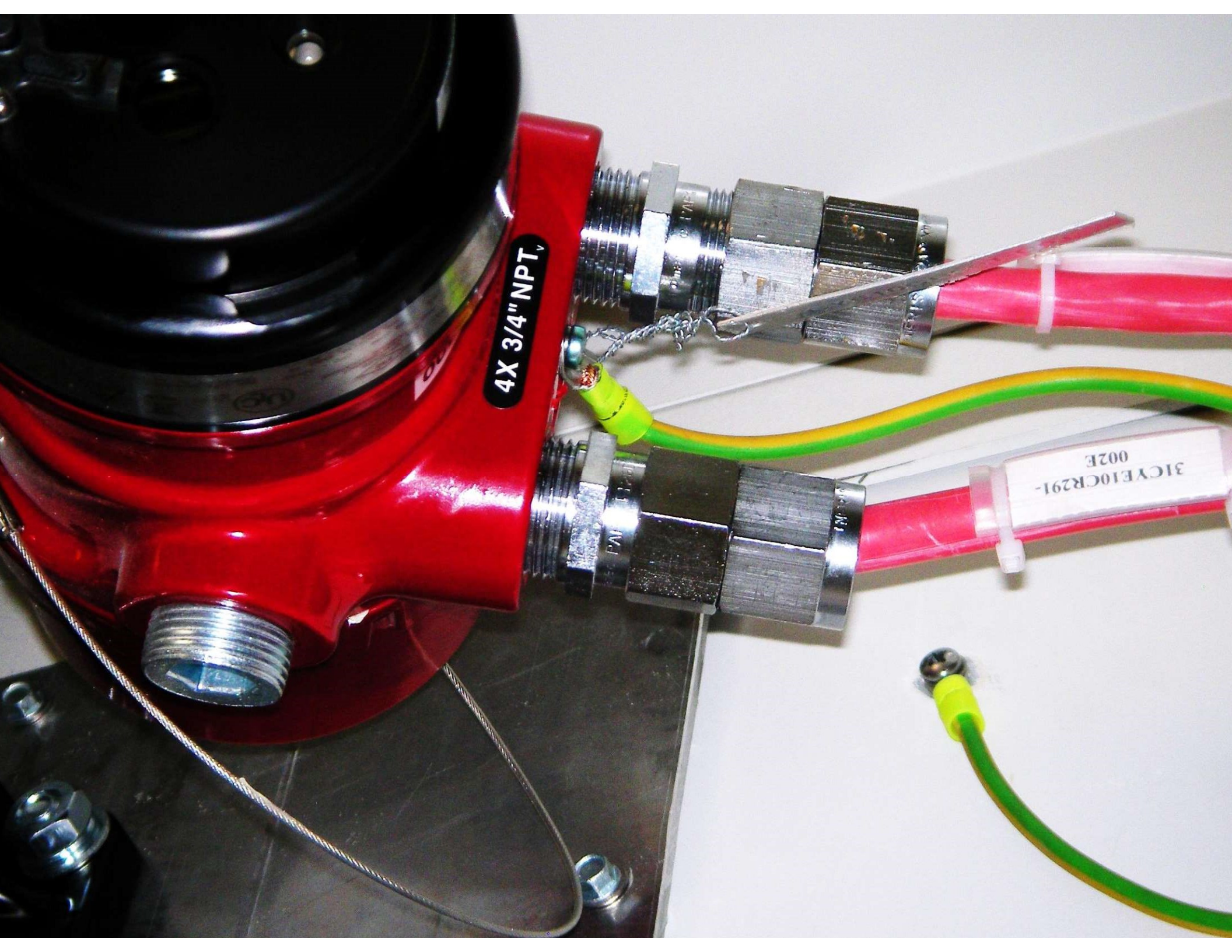
The cables must be laid straight from the cable entry to avoid lateral stresses that could affect the sealing of the cable or the degree of protection (IP Code).

Clamping of the cables should be done ***within 10 times the cable diameter or max. 300 mm***, whichever gives the shorter length, from the end of the cable entry.









4X 3/4" NPT

31CYE10CR291-002E



## 8.3.4 Unused openings

(1)

Unused openings in the enclosure must be closed off by means of blanking elements in accordance with the respective Type of Protection and degree of protection (IP Code).

The blanking elements must comply with the requirements of **IEC 60079-0** and be such that they can only be removed with the aid of a tool.

## 8.3.4 Unused openings

(2)







EVERGATE MANUFACTURING  
ROSEMOUNT  
TIGHTEN WITH CARE

Rosemount  
TAN  
EXPLOSION PROOF FOR  
CLASS I, DIV. 1, GROUP B, C, D  
INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR  
CLASS I, DIV. 2, GROUP A, B, C, D

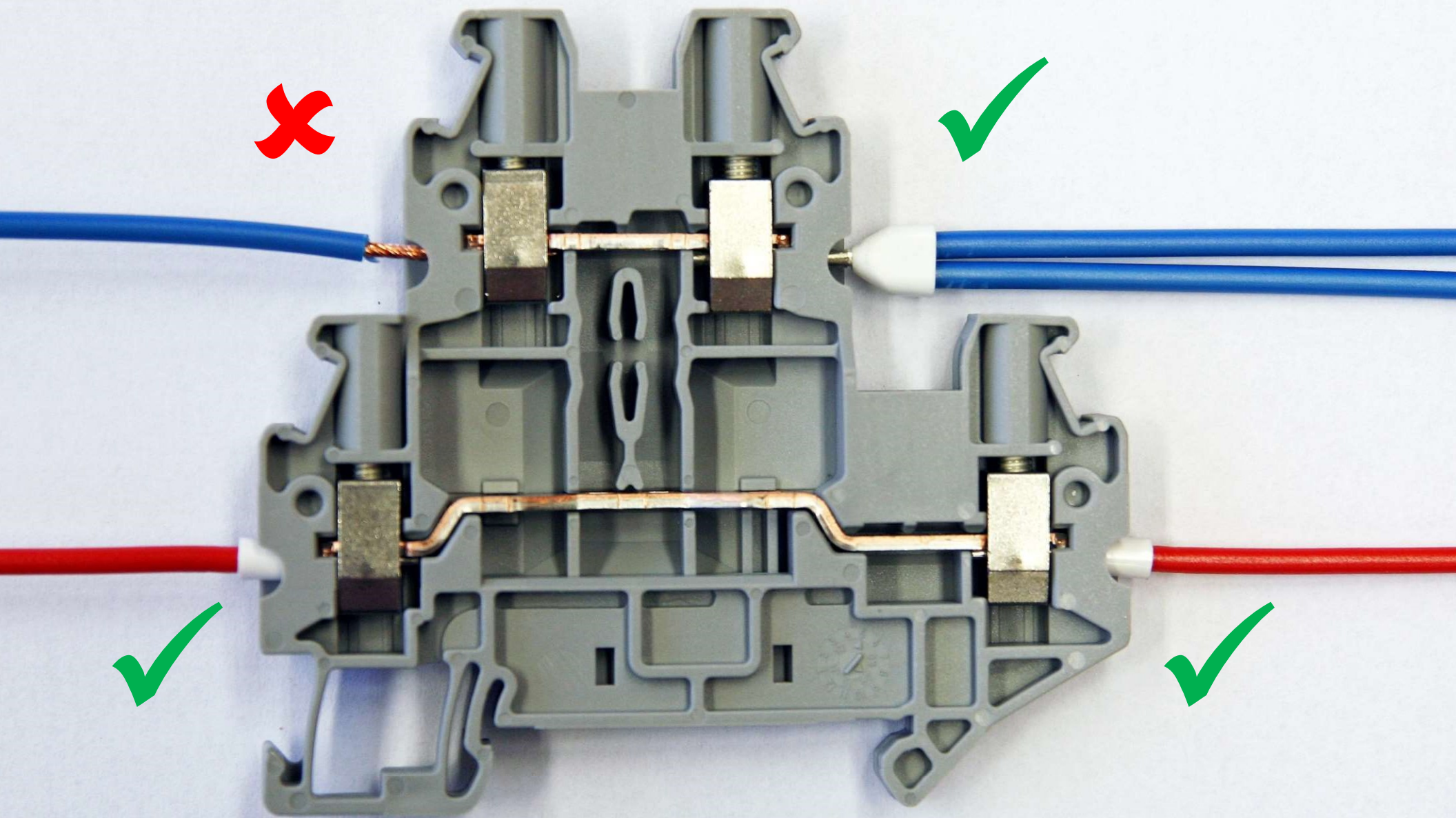
TAN D.F.L.D.  
MOND  
4S

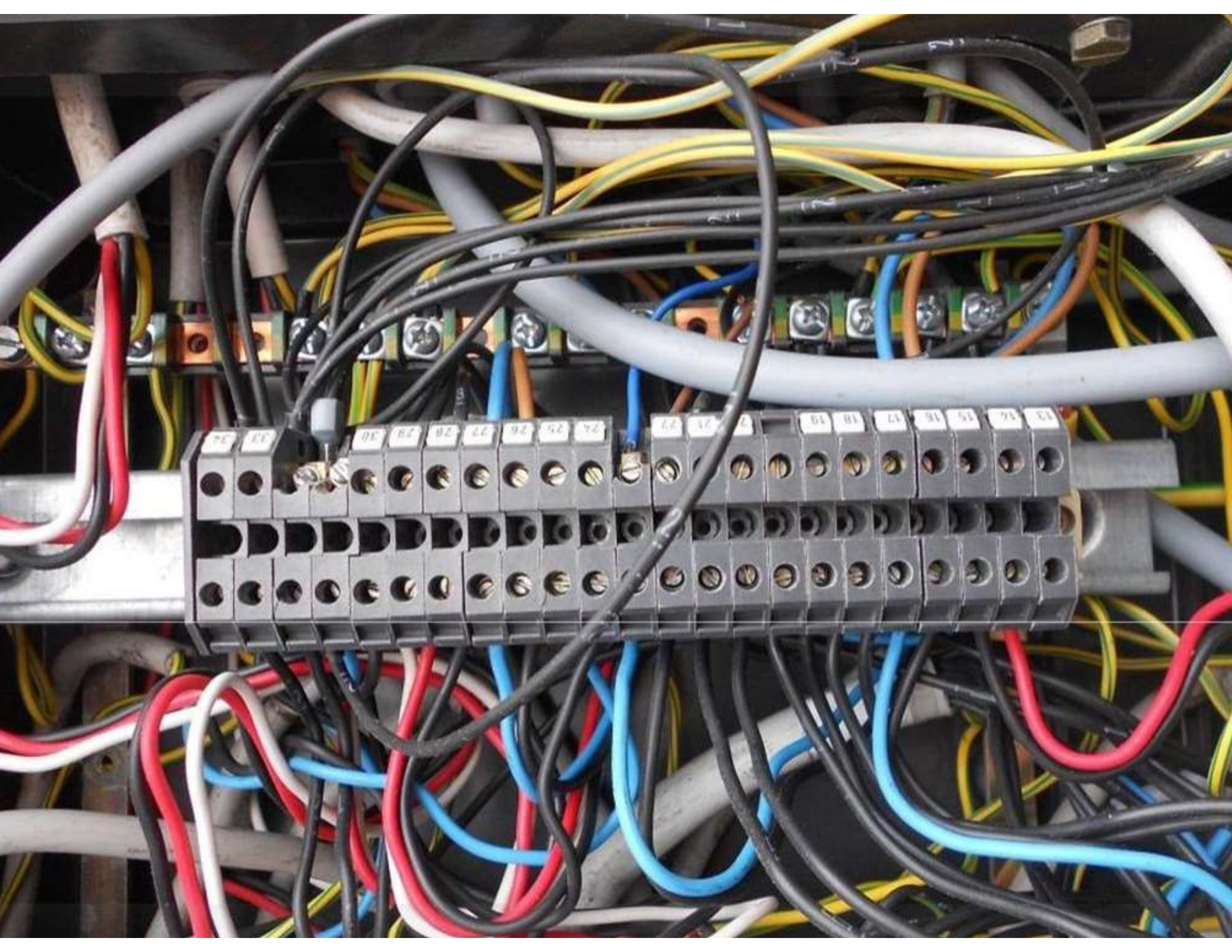


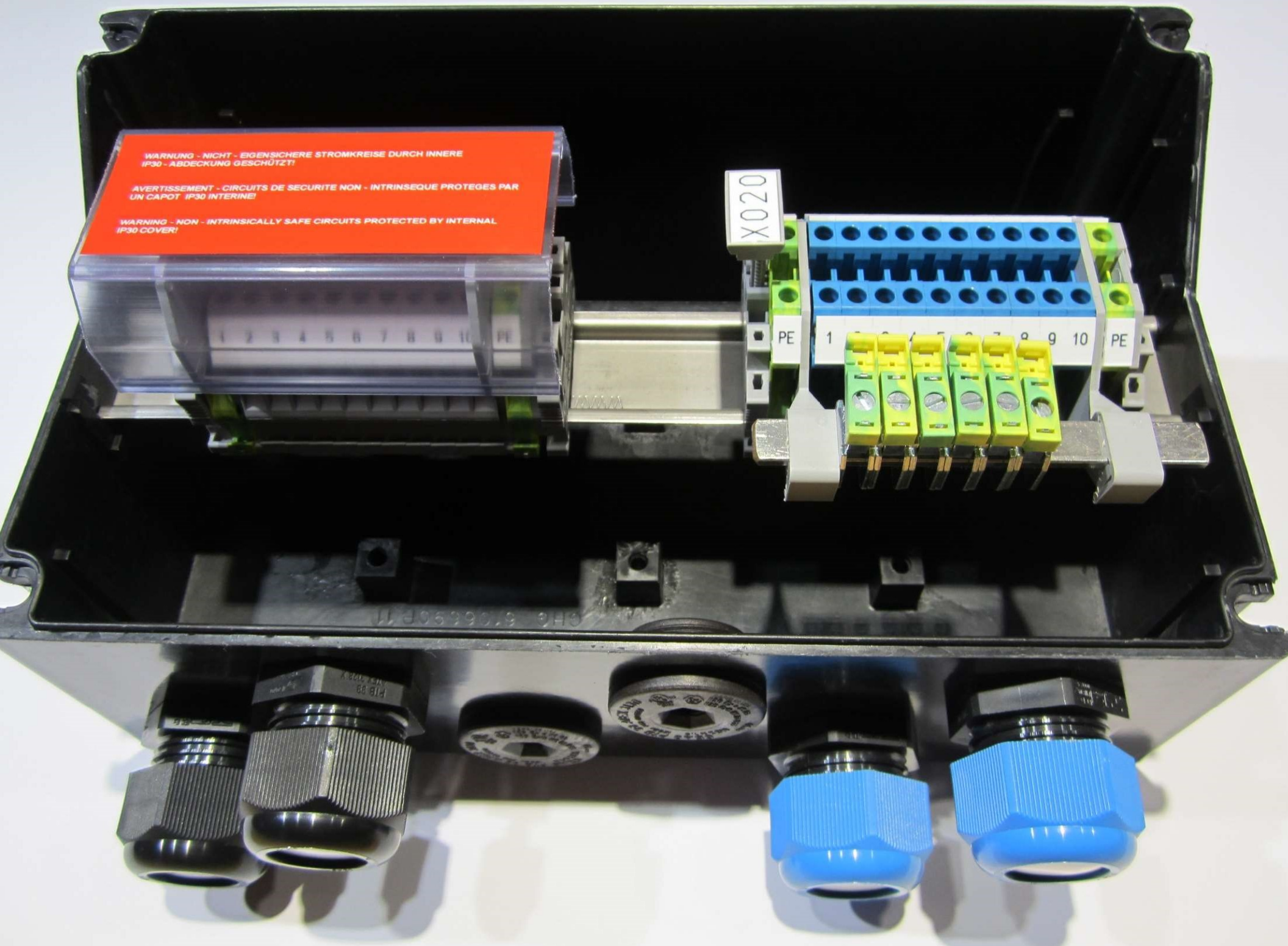


## **8.8.1 Conductor connections**

**Unless permitted in the manufacturer's operating instructions, two conductors with different cross-sections must not be connected to one terminal. Exception, the conductors are secured with a wire end sleeve (if permitted for 2 conductors) or another method specified by the manufacturer.**







WARNUNG - NICHT - EIGENSICHERE STROMKREISE DURCH INNERE  
IP30 - ABDECKUNG GESCHÜTZT!

AVERTISSEMENT - CIRCUITS DE SECURITE NON - INTRINSEQUE PROTEGES PAR  
UN CAPOT IP30 INTERNE!

WARNING - NON - INTRINSICALLY SAFE CIRCUITS PROTECTED BY INTERNAL  
IP30 COVER!

X020

PE 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 PE

046 670699 P11

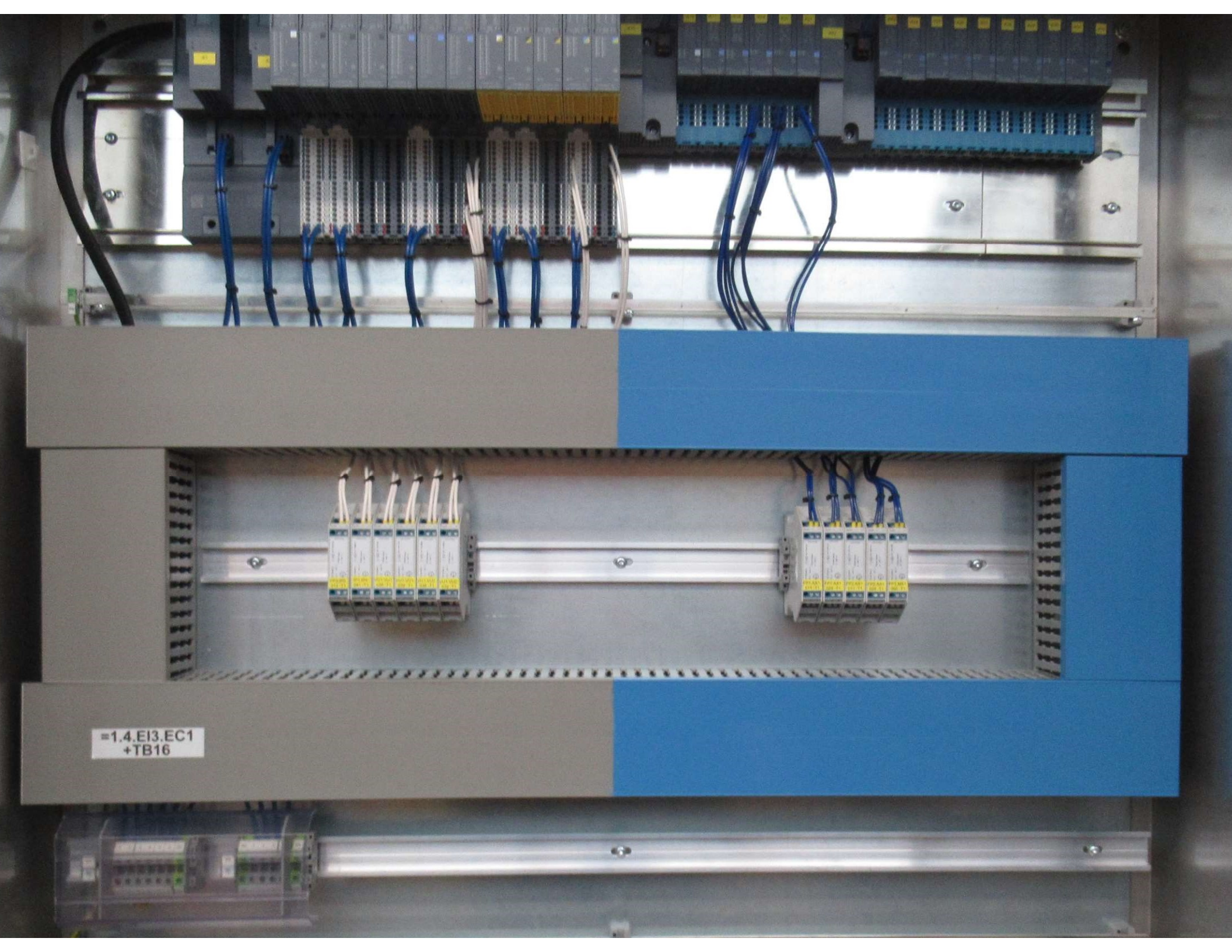


## 8.9.3.2 Marking of cables

**Inside control panels and switchgear assemblies marking shall avoid confusion between cables of intrinsically safe and non-intrinsically safe circuits, in the presence of a blue neutral conductor.**

**Such markings include:**

- **combining the Ex “i” cores in a common light blue harness; or**
- **labelling; or**
- **clear arrangement and separation.**



1.4.EI3.EC1  
+TB16





# 9. Initial inspection



## 9. Initial inspection

Before workplaces where explosive atmospheres may occur are put into operation for the first time, the explosion protection of the entire installation must be checked.

The conditions necessary to ensure explosion protection must be maintained. This test must be carried out by **persons who are qualified to do so by virtue of their experience and/or professional training in the field of explosion protection.**



# Annex O

## (informative)

### Inspection tables for initial inspections (from IEC 60079-17)

Table O.1 shows the initial inspection schedule for Ex "d", Ex "e", Ex "n" and Ex "t"/"tD" installations.

**Table O.1 – Initial inspection schedule for Ex "d", Ex "e", Ex "n" and Ex "t"/"tD" installations**

Check that:		Ex "d"	Ex "e"	Ex "n" Ex "t"/"tD"
X = required for all types, - = not required for initial inspection, n = type "n" only, t = type "t" and "tD" only		Initial Inspection		
<b>A</b>	<b>GENERAL (ALL EQUIPMENT)</b>	X	X	X
1	Equipment is appropriate to the EPL/Zone requirements of the location	X	X	X
2	Equipment group is correct	X	X	X
3	Equipment temperature class is correct (only for gas)	X	X	n
4	Equipment maximum surface temperature is correct			t
5	Degree of protection (IP grade) of equipment is appropriate for the level of protection/group/conductivity	X	X	X
6	Equipment circuit identification is correct	X	X	X
7	Equipment circuit identification is available	X	X	X
8	Enclosure, glass parts and glass-to-metal sealing gaskets and/or compounds are satisfactory	X	X	X
9	There is no damage or unauthorized modifications	X	X	X



**Thank you for your attention!**